

CIRCULATION TODAY
2,500

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

THE WEATHER
Fair and warmer, tonight. Increasing cloudiness and warmer.

VOLUME XII

CLEARFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH, 11, 1918

NUMBER 219

SAMMIES AGAIN HELP TO RAID THE GERMAN LINES

SEVEN HUNS TAKEN PRISONERS WHILE FRENCH HAD HARD TIME TO HOLD AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN LEASH

OTHER NEWS FROM BATTLE LINE

By Fred S. Ferguson
With the American army in France, March 10—Troops holding the American sector north of Toul made a successful raid against the Boche early this morning. This is the first exclusive American raid without French participation.

By Fred S. Ferguson
With the American Army in France March 10. American and French soldiers operating together conducted successful raids in widely separated sectors demolishing German trenches at three points on a width of 10 meters and to a depth of 300 meters.

American artillery aided in the raids completely demolishing one sector of the enemy trench. No live Germans were encountered there. Elsewhere Boches who had taken refuge in dug outs and pill boxes were bombed and grenaded. Seven German prisoners were taken.

The bombardment in preparation for the raid started at one o'clock Saturday afternoon. After the first tremendous burst of fire the guns continued to rain shots between the Boche first, second and third line of trenches.

The infantry in one sector went through No Man's land without opposition. They penetrated the German first and second lines and found nothing but a mass of wire, leveled trenches smashed dug outs and debris. "The zero hour was 5:35" as they were ordered to return within a certain time.

Men in another sector penetrated 150 meters to the German's third line and another party penetrated 240 meters. They encountered some dug outs but they had all been smashed by shell fire and a dozen pill boxes which were intact. They shouted to the Germans to come out. The latter replied by firing at the Americans. They were given short snuff. Grenades and incendiary bombs were hurled into the German defenses and the pill boxes were encountered. The Sammies clothing were torn to tatters by the barbed wire. Some infantry men rushed forward with bayoneted rifles and shouted to the Germans to come out. The only answer was a rifle shot. At that moment some grenadiers ran up, threw back their hands, aimed and let fly. There was a sudden burst of flame and nothing remained. When the raiders reached the German third line the demolition was even more complete than in the previous two. The troops searched the trench for military documents or other information. Back at the American trenches a white rocket went up a sign to return. The gait back was for every man to look out for himself. The German barrage had been started and was exploding between the Americans and their trenches. It was everybody for himself to walk or run thru the barrage and hop over the parapet and into his own trench. The Captain looked at his watch. It had just taken 45 minutes for the entire operation. On all other sectors the dug outs and pill boxes were found intact. The troops penetrated to the third line and captured two wounded prisoners.

American Aviator Loses Battle
With the American Army in France March 11.—W. J. Winter of Chicago serving in the French aviation corps was killed in an air fight Friday night. It is believed he fell within the German lines. Theodore Hitchcock of Westbury, L. I., a member of the Lafayette Escadrille disappeared while pursuing an enemy plane behind the German rear line. He is believed to have been captured.

With the French Army in the Field March 11.—Franco-American troops in the Lorraine sector executed the first American destructive attack Saturday east of Reillon. Fifty Ohio troops and 60 French sappers after heavy artillery preparation charged 60 yards through No Man's Land gaining all objectives. While the American troops furnished protection the French sappers blew up wire entanglements, observation posts, shelters and caves. The Germans had retired before the attack reached the enemy trenches. The Franco-American troops returned to their own trenches after 90 minutes. East of Neuvevillers and Badonvillers two detachments each containing a company of Americans and two companies of French troops penetrated the German lines. They took two prisoners. The poilus said they were forced to restrain the Americans from charging beyond their objective. American artillery participated accurately in both attacks, proving its mastery over the most difficult artillery problems.

The French Report
Paris, March 11.—American troops made a "determined incursion" into German lines in Lorraine the French war office announced today. Two Naval Airmen Lose Lives
Washington, March 11.—Two American naval aviators were killed in an aeroplane accident in France the Navy department announced today. They were Andrew D. Skaggs of Newburn, Tenn. and Leo Harvie of Cincinnati.

GRAMPIAN LICENSES GRANTED
The license for the Hotel Aberdeen and Gramplan Hotel were granted by Judge Bell this morning. Both these houses were dry last year. The Aberdeen is owned by E. J. Smith and the Gramplan Hotel by George McMullen.

By Henry Wood
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Mrs. Louis H. Piggott left this morning for a visit to Buffalo and Rochester, N. Y., from where she will go to her home in Cooperstown, N. Y. Mrs. Piggott has been visiting at the home of her son, Howard Piggott, for a few weeks.

ATTENTION HAYMAKERS!
Left No. 407 1-2 of Haymakers are called to meet at No. 1 Firemen's Hall Sunday at 2 p. m. Bring your statements along.
M. H. W. H. SUTTON, C. of S.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN
William and Mary College, the second oldest education institution in America, has been opened to women students by action of the Virginia legislature.

Sponsored by the University of Paris, Mlle. Marguerite Clemant, a teacher in the women's college at Versailles and one of the first speakers for woman suffrage in France, has come to the United States to promote a wider knowledge of French literature and to pave the way for better French teachers in American colleges and schools.

The Second Naval District baseball team, otherwise the Newport Middies, has booked a game with the New York Giants to be played at Newport on May 5.

This said Joe Jeanette is anxious for another crack at Sam Langford, but as the old "colored league" has disbanded the chances are that Joseph will not be accommodated.

FOR SALE—Six cylinder car, fine condition. Would make good truck. Price G. Betts.

WANTED—To get in touch with men who can ship pit posts, cross ties and other mine timber. Highland Fuel and Lumber Company, 703 1st National Bank Bldg., Uniontown, Pa. M11-137-pd

INDIAN PROGRAM OF KAISER A BOAST

By J. W. T. Mason
(Written for the United Press)

New York, March 9.—Germany's boast of the establishment of an uninterrupted route to India through the Russian Caucasus, Persia and Afghanistan, is an empty victory that can serve no purpose except to tantalize von Hindenburg by its impossibilities.

India is as safe from a German invasion as Great Britain itself. The difficulties of transport and lack of German troops, even without the fierce hostility of the Afghan tribesmen, are enough to make the German dream wholly impracticable. It would be far more important for the German if they could recover Bagdad for the Turk and drive the British out of Mesopotamia. Yet in this area of hostilities, so much easier of access than India, von Hindenburg is unable to do anything. He cannot even carry out the Kaiser's promise to send an army to attack Egypt, where the transportation problem is still less difficult.

With these urgent problems so much nearer home awaiting solution at the hands of the perplexed German general staff, there is no chance that serious consideration will be given in Berlin to an attack on India. If von Hindenburg were to attempt so unprofitable an adventure, he would meet inevitable defeat and would weaken himself in the principal theaters of the war.

Reports of German war prisoners in Siberia organizing to fight the Russians in possession of that country do not take into consideration the difficulties of securing munitions. There have been no indications that there are great stores of war supplies scattered throughout Siberia. The principal store center is about Vladivostok. It has not yet been explained how the German prisoners can march unarmed on Vladivostok and seize the supplies located there, without news of their purpose preceding them. If the prisoners attempted a campaign of this nature they would be dealt with as a mob. No advantage is gained by regarding German war prisoners as supermen.

THE DEFENDANT IS A SNOB

This is one of those thrilling, exciting, heartbreaking scenes in a court room where Angelina sue Edwin for heart balm. The judge gets excited and calls the defendant a snob. Come out and see Harold Robinson take the part of the defendant.

It is hard to see in this case why Edwin has thrown away Angelina as she is just like one of those girls that you read about in the papers, the kind of a girl that makes your heart ache for two weeks after you have seen her the first time. Guess the defendant believes in the saying.

It is better to have loved and lost Than to be married— And be bossed.

Come and see whether you think the judge is justified in calling the defendant a snob.

There are two good reasons why you should come to see the Glee Club of C. H. S. present "Trial by Jury" next Thursday night. First, the admission is only 15c (It won't break you up), and second, it is worth the price of admission to see or get one good look at Angelina who brings the suit against Edwin.

CHINESE TROOPS TO BE SENT TO SIBERIA

Tokio, March 11.—The cabinet at Peking has decided to dispatch 40,000 Chinese troops to Siberia dispatches today stated. Expenses to the amount of ten million yen were authorized through the floating of a foreign loan.

ATTENTION NURSING CLASS

The class in nursing which meets every Wednesday evening at the Nurse's Home will please meet at 7:00 instead of 7:30 this week because of the lecture in the High School on that evening.

LOST—A variegated crocheted hand bag finished in black. Lost between Robinson's store and the 5 and 10. The bag contained a sum of money. Finder please return to the Progress.

WANTED—To get in touch with men who can ship pit posts, cross ties and other mine timber. Highland Fuel and Lumber Company, 703 1st National Bank Bldg., Uniontown, Pa. M11-137-pd

CAMP LEE MEN WILL BE SENT TO FRANCE EARLY IN SUMMER

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., March 8.—"Without question the Eightieth Division will be on the firing line this summer. It will receive its baptism of fire before autumn. This much is definite."

Maj. Gen. Cronkhite, commanding general of the division, authorized the publication of this fact this morning. There have been all sorts of rumors afloat the past few days concerning the leaving of the division for overseas duty and the commanding general consented to the subject today. Orders were received several days ago from Washington designating the Eightieth Division for service in France.

"We will leave here as soon as the division is filled up and the men are prepared," the general said. "We must first receive 10,000 additional men, 3,000 of whom will come from the depot brigade. I do not know where the remaining 7,000 are to come from. Of course, we want the very best. The rest depends entirely upon the aptitude of men in learning the many things they must be taught. Both officers and soldiers will be asked to work excessively hard both day and night. There is no prohibition of personal correspondence now nor is there likely to be until the troops are moved to a port of embarkation. No one knows the date of our departure, but should reports of a date gain circulation and be related in letters home, it would be necessary to establish a censorship in camp here."

PLUSH MILL IS PAYING BONUS TO EMPLOYEES

The Clearfield Textile company appreciating the exacting conditions to which its employees are subject, due to increased living costs, recently inaugurated a war bonus plan, for the purpose of assisting them to meet the advance prices of life's necessities. Under this plan a ten per cent war bonus is paid every three months based on the total earnings of each employee. This bonus plan is to remain in effect for the duration of the war and while the high cost of living prevails. This philanthropic departure on the part of the Textile company is highly commendable and is greatly appreciated by the beneficiaries. The extent and advantage of the plan will be appreciated when it is known that last week's bonus amounted to more than \$1,000, some of the girl employees receiving as much as \$18.00 bonus while some of the men received nearly \$30.

DISTRICT BOARD NOTES

We are indebted to Hon. Peter Gearhart for the following report of the work of the district Exemption Board for Division No. 2 of Western Pennsylvania at Erie:

Total Number of Registrations in Division No. 2 Western Pa. 125,000
Total number of questionnaires received by district board up to March 8, 1918 20,000
Total number classified by District Board to date 17,000
Total number yet to classify ... 8,000
17 per cent. of those classified in class 1.
39 1-2 per cent. of those classified in class 2.
23 per cent of those classified in class 3.
20 per cent. of those classified in class 4.
1-2 of 1 per cent. of those classified in class 5.

A CENTRE COUNTY "KNOCKER"

L. M. Decker, residing near Potteaus Mills, this county, states that he found three dead fawns in the woods near his home. Examination of the carcasses showed the fawns had not died of starvation, and Mr. Decker thinks death was due to thirst, notwithstanding the fact that members of the state game commission ridicule the claim that deer or other wild game will suffer for want of water as long as there is snow on the ground. (Phillipsburg Ledger.)

A hard worked phrase: "I saw it in The Progress."

DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS WILL BE WARNED

Time For Filing Income Tax Returns Grows Shorter And All Are Again Warned

ARE YOU ONE OF THEM?

Washington, D. C., March 11.—Twenty-five thousand Four Minute Men will start out today on a nationwide campaign to impress upon the American public their patriotic duty promptly to file their income tax return and pay their taxes. The period for filing ends April 1. Taxpayers have seventeen days, not counting Sundays, in which to comply with this provision of the law. The penalty for failure is a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$1,000 and an additional assessment of 50 per cent. of the amount due.

The Four Minute Men will appear in theatres, moving picture houses and at public gatherings. Special meetings will be held by chambers of commerce, boards of trade, rotary clubs, luncheon clubs and business organizations to hear the addresses. "Don't delay" is the warning that will be given by the speakers. Taxpayers will be urged to protect themselves and aid the Government by being prompt. It will cost the Government money and trouble to hunt down the man who dodges the income tax, but the word has gone forth from headquarters that this will be done. The "knacker" will be shown no leniency.

The man whose intentions are good but who is inclined to put off until tomorrow what should be done today will be urged not to procrastinate, but to get his blank and file his return at once.

In every address the Four Minute Men will lay stress upon that provision of the law which requires a return from every unmarried person whose net income for 1917 was \$1,000 or more and from every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or more. They will be supplied with facts and figures to show that the rich man and the man of modest means alike are made to bear a just share of the common burden. Tables will be produced comparing the rate of tax in the United States and Great Britain. Here the married man with an income of \$2,500 pays \$10. In Great Britain the man with an income of \$2,500 pays a tax of \$225 and \$300 if his income is not earned but is from interest, estate or bonds or the like. As the income increases the difference between American and British taxes becomes less and finally when million dollar incomes are reached the amount paid in this country is greater than in Great Britain.

The normal rate of tax under the war revenue act of 1917 is 2 per cent. on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of \$1,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of \$2,000. Under the act of September 8, 1916, which remains in force, the normal rate of tax is 2 per cent. on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of \$3,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of \$4,000.

Incomes under the 1917 act are subject to a surtax which ranges from 1 per cent on incomes between \$5,000 and \$7,500 to 50 per cent. on incomes in excess of \$1,000,000. The surtax under the 1916 act ranges from 1 per cent on incomes between \$20,000 and \$40,000 to 15 per cent on incomes in excess of \$2,000,000. The multi-millionaire is assessed 67 per cent. on his income in excess of \$2,000,000 while the man with a \$2,500 income pays 2 per cent on his income in excess of \$2,000.

These and other facts and figures will be used to refute the statement of German sympathizers that this is a "capitalists' war".

"We must learn to realize," says a bulletin issued to the Four Minute Men by the Committee on Public Information, "that all of us who pay our mite are really capitalists. A capitalist is simply a person who has a claim on a bit of the world's stored up wealth. The unmarried man and woman earning \$1,000 a year is by no means 'poor'—with rare exceptions he or she has something laid by in a bond, real estate or a few dollars in a savings bank. An income of \$1,000 is considerably above the average. "And after all, what is a \$4 tax, year share if you are single and make

SHAPLAN'S CABLES

Bolsheviki Takes New Name

By Joseph Shaplan
Copyrighted 1918 by United Press
The government is moving to Moscow as the first step in the organization of resistance on all fronts according to an official press announcement today. It is believed it may be necessary for the Bolshevik government to fight both Germany and Japan. The Bolshevik congress has adopted the new title of "Communist Party." A treaty of alliance with the Finland red guard has been signed by the Bolshevik government to offset the German treaty with the white guard in Finland.

By Joseph Shaplan

Petrograd, March 9.—The Russian public opinion is greatly surprised at the failure of President Wilson and America to halt the Japanese intervention into Siberia. Those opposed to the Bolshevik regime pointed out that this failure strengthens the Bolshevik's argument that all the countries are united against the Russian revolution.

HOME ON BRIEF FURLOUGH

Corporal John Graham, who is located at Fort Wayne, Michigan, is home on a short furlough. Corporal Graham is on his way back to Fort Wayne after a trip to a German detention camp in Georgia. A German spy was recently arrested at Detroit and turned over to the military authorities. It was shown that although a resident of this country for more than fourteen years, the man had failed to avail himself of American citizenship and after a hearing it was decided to lock him up during the period of the war and Corporal Graham was detailed to take him to prison.

A few days furlough was allowed Corporal Graham on his return trip and he will spend that time with his home folks. He is looking fine and every inch the soldier and enjoys the life immensely.

SECRETARY OF WAR VISITS PERSHING

Washington, March 10.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, has arrived safely at a French port en route to the headquarters of Gen. Pershing on a tour of military inspection and conference.

Paris, March 11.—Secretary of War Baker will see President Poincaré and Premier Clemenceau then visit the American troops at the front.

WANTED—Man for party and business with steady employment. First G. B. Co.

\$1,000 and what is a \$10 tax to a married man, earning \$2,000 a year? We, as Americans, will pay that much cheerfully."

CASTS FIRST VOTE AT 102 YEARS OF AGE



Mrs. Sally Gold of Brooklyn, 102 years of age cast her first vote in a special election for representative in Congress, Tuesday, March 5, 1918. For years she had longed to vote, but she did not get the opportunity till this election following the adoption of woman suffrage by New York state in the November election.

BLOOMSBURGER WILL MANAGE P. P. S. CO.

Warren Partridge Is Promoted And Becomes Consulting Engineer For Concern

WILL RETAIN RESIDENCE HERE

On April 1st, Warren Partridge, for the past six years General Manager of the Penn Public Service Company properties, will become Consulting Engineer for H. D. Walbridge & Company of New York City, in connection with various public utilities which they control and operate. Mr. Partridge's headquarters will be located in the new office building of the Penn Public Service Company and his residence remain in Clearfield. He will also give considerable attention to the recently organized Penelec Coal Company which is developing several coal mines in different sections of the state. Stephen C. Pohe of Boonshurg, Pa. will be the new General Manager of the Penn Public Service Company. Mr. Pohe was connected with H. D. Walbridge & Co., for several years as General Manager of the Columbia & Montour Electric Company and the Northumberland County Gas & Electric Company. In 1910 Mr. Pohe was President of the Pennsylvania Electric Association and has a wide acquaintance among utility operators in Pennsylvania.

SPORTSMEN SHOULD ATTEND

All Clearfield hunters and sportsmen should make it a point to attend the meeting to be held in the recreation room of the Court House tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

This meeting has been called for the purpose of getting the sentiment of our people relative to the closing of the county to the hunting of pheasants for at least two years. It has been recognized by all those familiar with conditions hereabouts that something must be done and that quickly to prevent the total extinction of the ruffed grouse or pheasant. Many of the adjoining counties will be closed during the next two years and if hunting is allowed in Clearfield county while Centre, Blair and the adjoining counties are closed it will mean many outside hunters in our woods and the wiping out of these game birds is bound to be the result. The matter will be discussed at Tuesday night's meeting and on its decision will rest the matter of starting a petition locally asking the State Game Commission to close the county to bird hunting for at least two years. Attend the meeting, give your views and have your say. Every hunter should be present.

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MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1918.

SENATOR SPROUL FOR RATIFICATION

Exceedingly gratifying to Pennsylvania Republicans is Senator William C. Sproul's declaration in favor of the prohibition amendment. In his address to the Chester County Republican Committee he took substantially the position that has been recommended by the Gazette Times and which has been widely indorsed in this state. With Senator Sproul unequivocally for ratification, prohibition is definitely eliminated as an issue in the governorship contest, since J. Denny O'Neil, also a candidate for the Republican nomination, has taken a like stand. The Governor, it is to be remembered, will have no official duty in connection with ratification, but the executive may exercise no little influence over members of the General Assembly when this subject is up for action. The significance of the similar attitude of both Republican candidates is therefore apparent. It is a happy augury of ratification by Pennsylvania next winter, provided the people of this great commonwealth are wise in their choice of senatorial and representative candidates in the primary election. Hence, The Gazette Times repeats, make sure of ratification by nominating Republicans pledged to support the Federal prohibition amendment. The contest must be waged and won in the primary campaign, not after it.—(Gazette Times.)

STOCK OF WHEAT DROPS ONE HALF IN LAST YEAR

Figures Released By Government Shows By Expert Calculation Necessity For Saving

NEW MILLING STANDARD SOON

The total stocks of wheat in commercial channels on December 31, 1917, as indicated by a partial tabulation of the food survey of the latter date, were approximately one-half as large as the commercial stocks on hand December 31, 1916, according to a statement just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. In this connection it is pointed out that the commercial visible supply figures published by the Chicago Board of Trade show stocks on hand January 5, 1918, about 30 per cent of the commercial visible supply reported for January 6, 1917, while the visible supply reported by Bradstreet for January 6, 1918, was approximately 36 per cent of that reported for January 6, 1917.

Commercial Stocks of Wheat
The commercial stocks of wheat at the end of December, 1917, compared more favorably with those of a year earlier than did the stocks at the end of August, 1917, the holdings of December 31, 1917, being 50 per cent of those reported for the corresponding date in 1916, while the commercial stocks of August 31, 1917, were only 37 per cent of those for the same date in 1916. At the same time it is indicated that there was only a slight change in the relative importance of

the commercial stocks of flour on the dates of the two surveys as compared with the corresponding dates a year earlier. On August 31, 1917, the commercial stocks of flour were about 75 per cent of the stocks reported on hand August 31, 1916, while on December 31, 1917, the stocks of flour were 70 per cent of those reported for the corresponding date in 1916. The total wheat crop of 1917 was approximately 650,000,000 bushels, as compared with 640,000,000 bushels for the previous year and with 805,000,000 bushels, the average for the five-year period 1911-1915.

Final Figures For August 31, 1917
The final figures for the August 31, 1917, food survey show that the total commercial stocks of wheat on that date were 75,000,000 bushels, or less than a two months' supply, while the commercial stocks of flour were about 12,000,000 barrels, representing approximately a six weeks' supply. The elevators, mills, and wholesale grain dealers held 88.4 per cent of the commercial stocks of wheat reported for August 31, 1917, and 35.6 per cent of the total commercial stocks of flour reported for that date. In the case of flour, retail dealers held 24.9 per cent, bakers 20.3 per cent, wholesale grocers 9.7 per cent, and storage warehouses 5.3 per cent.

The Holdings by States
Minnesota and California reported the largest commercial stocks of wheat on August 31, 1917, their holdings being 7,200,000 and 6,891,000 bushels, respectively, while Missouri, Illinois, Kansas each held about 5,000,000 bushels. The combined holdings of these five states amounted to 28,000,000 bushels, or more than 45 per cent of the total for the United States. In the case of flour, eight states reported about one-half of the total stocks of the country. New York leading with 812,896 barrels, followed by Pennsylvania with 659,438, Illinois with 639,126, and Nebraska with 634,915 barrels, while California, Texas, Minnesota, and Missouri each reported about 500,000 barrels.

WICKERSHAM WILL LECTURE HERE ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT

The last number of the High School entertainment course will be given on Wednesday evening at 8:30 p. m. The following sketch will prove to any one that the lecture will be well worth the price of admission, which is only fifty cents.

DR. L. B. WICKERSHAM

The great master lecturer is the man who pleases the people—the common people, cultured and uncultured—and gives an impetus for good in the direction of his thought. His supreme triumph is the capture of his audience, and his highest eulogy its favorable verdict. Measured by this criterion Wickersham is one of the masters. In the pulpit he is a great preacher, on the stage he might have been a great actor, in the forum a great orator, and on the platform he is a trinity of actor, orator, preacher—the Prince of Popular Lecturers.



DR. L. B. WICKERSHAM.

He is a man of spotless character, lofty purpose and great natural endowments; magnetic, brilliant, sympathetic and humorous. His lectures are strikingly original, built around some fundamental truth, and gain an added charm from his rich, musical voice and dramatic delivery.

His success has been uninterrupted and we believe his record is unparalleled. He has delivered over seven hundred paid lectures and special addresses in his home state. What is the meaning of such a record? Simply that the people like to hear him and call for him again and again. This is true of his work from Winnipeg to New Orleans and from New York to San Francisco. He has filled the largest number of return engagements, in a limited time and territory, of any man who is now or ever has been upon the platform, so far as we are able to learn.

We need not commend him. The people have given their verdict. From such a record there is no appeal.

EAGLES HOLD PATRIOTIC SESSION

The patriotic meeting of Clearfield Aerie No. 812, F. O. E. held in the Globe theatre yesterday afternoon, while not as largely attended as it should have been, was a highly enjoyable occasion and the patriotic expression of the speakers made a profound impression on their hearers and should be productive of a better understanding of America's situation in the world war and the necessity for the united effort of all our people to bring success to our arms.

The musical program was especially pleasing, the singing of Miss Celesti Bonner and violin solos of Mrs. Richard Peterson being very fine and highly appreciated. Misses Theressa Eisenhauer and Miss Alice Smith presided at the piano most acceptably.

The speeches of W. A. Hagerty and A. H. Woodward, Esqs., were check full of patriotic sentiment and elicited hearty applause.

The White Sox are to try out several young pitchers, but he chances are that "Knuckles" Cicotte will have to be out there with the winning shots, or the Sox won't repeat.



Try Kondon's for the baby's cold
(at no charge to you)
50,000,000 have used this 23-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, nose, nose, cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, etc. Write us for complimentary copy or buy bottle at drug store. It will send you FREE time more than it costs, or we pay money back. For trial and free write to:
KONDON MED. CO., WHEELING, W. VA.

FOOD SUPPLY OF THE KAISER A SECRET

Amsterdam, March 9.—If there is one secret more than another about their private affairs that the Kaiser and his family have kept carefully concealed from the German public it is the existence of the royal private food stores.

The story, as told by one who was in the personal service of the imperial family, is that some five years ago, when Germany was already speeding up her preparations for war, the Kaiser had secretly laid by considerable quantities of various foods against the day when Germany's food supplies might be considerably reduced. These royal stores of food, with the exception of certain stores of food at the royal palaces, were laid down under the direction of the War Office.

There are said to be six of these stores, in various places about Germany. The largest is at Frankfurt. The contents of this store and another at Munich are reserved entirely for the use of the Kaiser and the imperial household. The other stores, at Posen, Danzig, Breslau and Karlsruhe, are for the benefit of other German royalties.

WOULD PUT SPEEDER TAGS ON THE DOGS

LETTER TO EDITOR

Clearfield, Pa.

March 5, 1918.

Kindly spare me a little space in the columns of your paper to express to the readers some of the dangers of this old world. There are great dangers arising every day. When our sons and husbands are sent across the deep to face the deadly bullets of the Hun we sigh and say, "Oh, the danger; we may never see them alive again."

The people who think of these dangers should go out along the State highway and see the deadly autos fly past at the rate of 60 miles an hour, and see people crowd off against the muddy bank to save their lives. Warfare is not only in France; it is right here in Clearfield county. Now, good people, for a little home defense. Think, this is March 1st, and with such deadly speeding already what will summer bring forth? Could we not get our good county detective to look into these matters? They do in other counties, so let good old Clearfield county come to the front.

Lots of these speeders should have their license taken and put on a good dog. It would be of more good than on speeding autos and motorcycles.

A DAILY READER.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the name of Jonathan Currier of Grantville, Pa., as a candidate for the office of congress to represent the 21st Congressional district composed of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean counties, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Grantville, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. J. Jones of Bradford, McKean county as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first district composed of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean counties, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Bradford, Pa.

STATE SENATE.
We are authorized to announce the name of J. J. Miller of Hagerstown, Clearfield county as a candidate for the office of Senator from the 54th Senatorial district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Madera, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. A. H. Pidgeon, of Houtzdale, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party. Favors the adoption of the National Prohibition Amendment. P. O. address, Houtzdale, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. D. Miller of Penn township, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. Chas. F. Youngberg, of Grass Flat, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party. Post office address Grass Flat, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Hon. A. S. Moulthrop of DuBois, Pa., as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. Post Office, DuBois, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Harry W. Brown of Osceola Mills, Pa., as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first Congressional District, subject to the rules governing the Prohibition Party. P. O. Address, Osceola Mills, Pa.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

TO THE MODERATE DRINKER.

"Nations, as well as individuals, are accepting the unquestioned nervous damage of alcohol," says Dr. Robert S. Carroll in his book, "The Mastery of Nervousness." Many appalling and distorted statements have been made to frighten the drinker from his cups. But it would seem that when a committee appointed by a government to investigate the harmful effects of alcohol reports that the drinker's life is shortened 25 minutes by every glass of alcoholic liquor, even the reckless would hesitate. Six years are knocked off the earthly existence of the average drinker. The tippler answers that it is his own life that he is shortening, and if he pleases so to live and die, he alone is hurt. There is another thing to be considered:

"Three out of four of the offspring of average drinkers show inherited defects, chiefly of the nervous system. Many an intense, unhappy, miserable, high-strung neurotic of today is the defective daughter of a genial, jovial, easy-going, old-school gentleman whose mint juleps of good-fellowship burn hot in the brains of his children. Numbers of fearsome epileptics go through lives of fierce uncertainty, the unhappy products of a single ancestral spree. These innocent victims are condemned, before birth, to live with nervous systems attuned to discord, capable of expressing life only through minor strains, hopelessly deficient—pitiable, depressed, morbid, blighted lives."

THE WINNING ARGUMENT.

"It is idle to argue from prophecy when we may argue from history," pitifully said Sidney Lanier. What has really happened as the result of dry law is of more value as prohibition argument than all the prognostications of liquor advocates in and for territory now wet. In a recent campaign issue the Union Signal gives column after column to this worthwhile history argument. First-hand testimony from 14 dry states (there was no space for more) proves that prohibition is a boon and a blessing, socially and economically; that it increases man power and money power. "The success argument," says the editor, "is the winning factor in present-day prohibition campaigns. It effectually silences the liquorites." That argument is abundantly supplied by enthusiastic statements continually given out by governors, attorney generals, mayors, sheriffs, bankers, by business managers, labor commissioners, and prominent residents of prohibition states.

DRY BITS.

Grammar is a prohibition:

Dry: Comparative.

Dryer: Superlative.

Bone dry: In 1920 the United States will be in the superlative condition.

The constitution of the United States gives to each man the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

The liquor institution sends man to death, slavery and the pursuit of wretchedness.

St. Paul wrote to Timothy to use a little wine for his stomach's sake. A good many Timothys since then have too eagerly followed this advice and have gone to seed.

LIQUOR AND LABOR.

A department superintendent of one of the big tire factories in Akron, O., uses 60 men in each shift. They are making gas masks, miners' respirators, and other vital war material. That department is working only two shifts a day instead of three, because of the scarcity of labor. They pay off on Friday. On one Saturday only six of the sixty men in one shift reported for work. "Ninety per cent of our labor troubles are due to booze," says this superintendent. If the government would shut down on the liquor traffic we could increase our output enormously. There is no lack of labor. The only trouble is to keep it working full time."

PASSING OF THE PENITENTIARY.

Citizens of Colorado are inquiring what is to become of the state penitentiary a few years hence. Despite the increase in population the prison quota, Warden Tynan says, has been reduced since prohibition went into effect at the rate of ten a month. Should this same ratio be maintained the penitentiary will be emptied in less than six years.

Other dry states face similar situations. If Kansas were not providing for federal prisoners and prisoners from other states, most of her penal institutions would be closing up.

WHY HER COW IS LIKE KENTUCKY.

First Lady—Did you know I have the dearest little pig, and I call it Ink.

Second Lady—And why do you call your pig Ink?

First Lady—Sure, because it runs out of the pen.

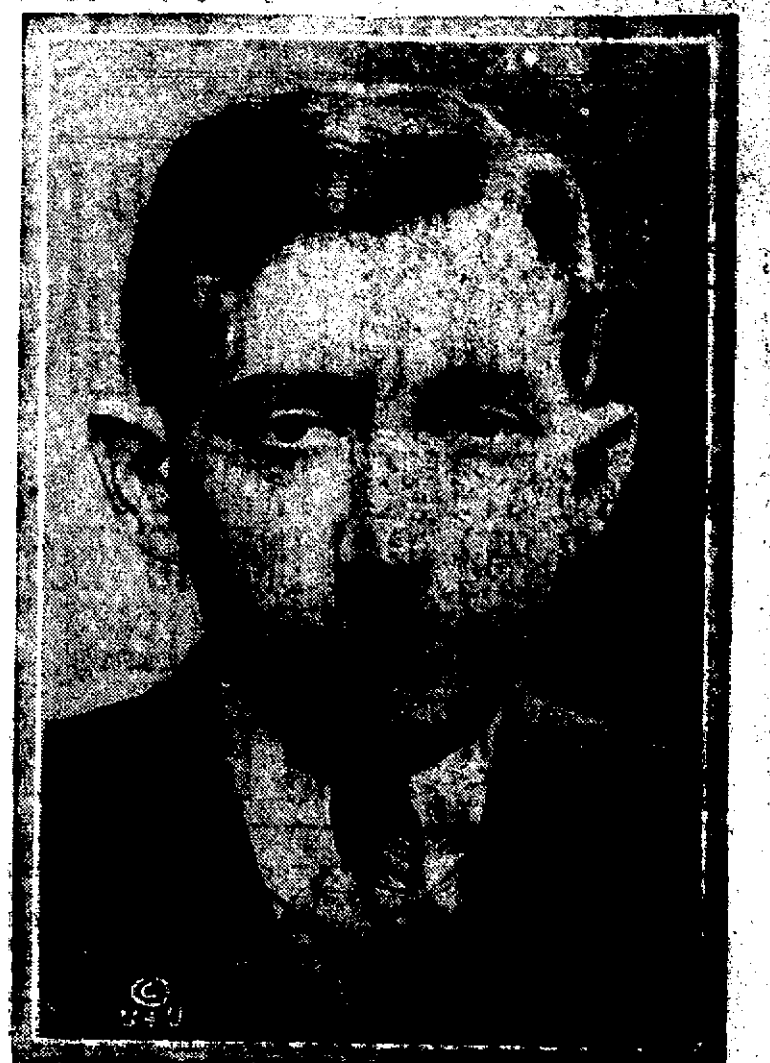
But did you know that I have a cow. I have that and I call her Kentucky.

First Lady—And why do you call your cow Kentucky?

Second Lady—Because she's going dry.

If you don't read every page of The Progress you are bound to miss something interesting.

Photo of New Republican Chairman



This is the latest photograph of Will H. Hays, of Indiana, new chairman of the National Republican committee. His recent visit to the east and particularly to Washington was hailed by Republicans as successful. They believe he did much to cement discordant element of his party, and to strengthen the organization.

Table Linens In The Sale of White to Replenish Your Linen Chest

An opportunity such as this to replenish your table napery will not come for a long, long time. Importations are practically cut off, home industries are greatly handicapped on account of the labor situation and the outlook for cheaper table linens is darker than at any time during our business experience. Prices, of course, are higher than they ever have been but what we are offering you at the mentioned prices are real money saving opportunities such as may not come your way again during your lifetime

Table Cloths In The Piece And Ready Made

Bleached cotton table cloth 58 inches wide in clover leaf pattern, barred weaving and with stripe and floral design. Specially priced during the white sale at, the yard 22 1/2c, 27c and 45c.

Bleached cotton table clothing, 72 inches wide in striped, floral and other conventional designs. Wonderful savings opportunities at yard prices of 54c, 58 1/2c, and 72 1/2c.

Moss rose and other patterns in unbleached cotton, 60 inches wide. Specially priced at, the yard, 58 1/2c, 67 1/2c, and 76 1/2c.

Superior satin damask, 70 inches wide in a shamrock pattern. Specially priced in the white sale at 90c yard.

Union linen in three patterns, Lily of the Valley, stripe and roses and daisy. Full two yards wide and bleached, at \$1.71, \$1.80 and \$2.02 1/2 yard.

Extra heavy satin damask full width in a pansy pattern. Specially priced in the white sale at \$2.25.

Buy Napkins To Last Several Years

You'll save money by doing so. And when you can get them at such prices as these you're looking thrifly forward to the time when you'll have enough when the price is much higher than now. Most of the patterns will perfectly match the table cloth patterns that are in the sale so that you can buy entire sets. There are two sizes 20 and 22 inches in mercerized cotton and linen. For the sets of 12 we have priced them at \$2.70, \$2.92 1/2, \$3.15 up to \$5.40.

Hemstitched Table Cloths & Napkins

Full table size of good quality damask. Dainty patterns and carefully hemstitched. Specially priced in the White Sale at \$1.12 1/2 up to \$2.25.

Napkins to match above, 22 inches, hemstitched. A very special priced bit of napery at \$2.02 1/2 per dozen.

Ross & Woods

Clearfield

*Penna.

Your Emergency

A man said the other day: "I certainly had some sense when I opened up that savings account. It pulled me out of a mighty big hole a few believe, come to everybody. Is it not a fact that you have had a few yourself? We will be glad to serve you. days ago.

These unlooked for emergencies, we

Clearfield National Bank

"The Bank of Service"

Classified Ads For Everybody

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Washerwoman. Call at No. 4 Fourth street. M11-2t

WANTED—Woman cook at the Continental Hotel, Philipsburg. Good wages. M8-1f

WANTED—Girl for general house work. No washing. Good wages. Call H. & C. phone 210. M7-1f

GIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Must be experienced. Mrs. John R. Gearhart. M7-6tp

WANTED—A boy at the Clearfield laundry. M6-1w

WANTED—Housekeeper for home near West Decatur. Four children in home. Apply to Ben Knepp, West Decatur, R. F. D. No. 1. M9-6tp

WANTED

WANTED—Copies of The Progress of February 6. Will pay five cents each for them at Progress office.

CASH FOR OLD TEETH
Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2 to \$15.00 per set, also cash for old gold, silver, platinum, dental gold and old gold jewelry. Will send cash by return mail and will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my price. Mail to L. Mazer 2007 S. 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa. M5-1mp

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from Royal white Wyandottes. Winners at four leading shows. Excellent winter layers. C. C. Holt, Winburne. M1-1mch

FOR SALE—Two full blood (Black Java) cockerels. Will crate and ship f. o. b. on receipt of \$3.00 apiece. H. B. Norris, New Millport, Pa. M8-2tc

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A six room house on Sixth street. Inquire Adam Bellia. M9-2t-pd

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Ra Dunlap, of Bellwood, and Della Oshell, of Utahville.
Frank Wingwisky, of Bresin and Elsie Walk, of West Decatur.
George Senger, of Winburne and Pearl Hall, of Munson.
Ralph O. Luce, of Rockton, and Virgie Shubert, of Bloom township.
Fred Andrews and Nafia Kassouf, both of DuBois.
William Pearce, of Jordan, and Jennie Yoder, of Bell township.
James Mitchell, Jr., and Agnes E. Weaver, both of Clearfield.
James McKinley, of Lumber City, and Edna Blake, of Curwensville.
William S. Rice, of Sandy Ridge, and Harriet Bierley, of Karthaus.
Giuliano Augustino, and Marie Ordolano, both of Clearfield.

NOTICE

Commencing Monday, March 11, the butchers of Clearfield will close their shops at six o'clock with the exception of Saturday evening.
Signed, THE BUTCHERS
M8-3t

WANTED!

Several families with girls. We have new and up to date houses to rent. Apply personally at the Clearfield Textile Co., West Side.

Why

do you continue to risk your all without adequate fire protection when we will gladly explain any feature that you may not understand?

Helmhold & Stewart
Snyder Block

NEW GERMAN DRIVE WILL FORCE GREECE INTO ACTIVE WAR

By J. W. T. Mason

(Written for the United Press)
New York, March 8.—New German designs for a spring offensive against the Allies' position at Salonika, would result, if carried out, in throwing Greece into the arms of the Allies for self-protection.

The Greeks, at present, are reluctant to take an active part in the war. A sweep by the Central Powers however into the Attic peninsula, could not be accomplished except at the cost of such great disruption to Greek life as would follow a belligerent invasion. The Allies situation at Salonika interferes to a minimum extent with the Greeks but if Greece were turned into a battlefield, the population could not remain passive.

Every national interest of the Greeks would then press for active participation in the war with the Allies. The substitution of German occupation of Salonika in place of the Allies, would mean that Greece must thereafter accept an inferior position in the Balkans. Bulgaria, Greece's principal rival for Balkan leadership would be able to dominate Greece with the assistance of the German army of occupation.

It is not to Germany's interest, to permit Bulgaria to occupy too powerful a field in Southeastern Europe. Such a development would interfere with Germany's Mitteleuropa plans. The Greeks must not be made hostile to Germany by deliberate acts of aggression, if Germany hopes to try to extend her Mitteleuropa idea. A serious blunder, as to developments after the war would therefore be committed if the Germans carried hostilities into Greece.

The west front is now the decisive area of the war. The announcement by the British government that the Allies have a superiority there in men, guns and aeroplanes indicates that a new German attempt to break through would invite as even greater disaster than a German assault against Salonika. The Germans are now on the defensive and must remain there if they hope to save their man power from well high permanent crippling.

WAR TIME "STAND-BYS" FOR THE CHILDREN

Once upon a time there was a man cutting grass with a scythe. As the people passed by they noticed that the way he worked seemed to have something to do with what he had had for breakfast. One morning he would cut very slowly, muttering: "Coffee and Cakes—Coffee and Cakes—" Coffee and cakes did not seem to be right. But one morning there was a smile upon his face, the scythe was swishing back and forth right merrily—"Milk and eggs, look out for your legs—Butter and eggs—I'll take it in kegs."

That little story will amuse the children, and help them to appreciate the good "conservation" foods recommended by the U. S. food administration.

Good "Stand-By's" for Children
Soft cooked eggs
Poached eggs
Omelets
Omelets
Scrambled eggs
Cornmeal mush
Oatmeal porridge
Puffed rice
Rice
Hominy
Corn flakes
Toasted bread
Toasted muffins
Crackers
Milk toast
Baked potatoes (white or sweet)
Plain well cooked vegetables.
A little well cooked meat
Chicken, fish

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.
All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.
Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

Mrs. M. V. Read visited her son Millard and family near Indianapolis, Sunday.

Residents of Ridge avenue will be glad to hear John Snyder will open up store again in that vicinity. Mr. Snyder expect to carry a full line of groceries and will conduct a cash system.

Miss Elsie Throne, of Irwin Hill, was taken to the Clearfield hospital for treatment Saturday afternoon.

Curwensville milk depot's management has taken another progressive step by the recent installation of a champion milk cooler and aerator from Cortland, N. Y.

Abram T. Bloom of Bridgeport, whose foot was burned by acid at the Bickford works last week, is making excellent progress toward recovering.

Dr. D. J. Hawkins, with the Medical Reserve corps, Ft. Riley, Kansas, is spending a couple of days with his father, Rev. J. P. Hawkins and family on Filbert street.

Bethesda Lodge, 821, I. O. O. F., at their patriotic meeting Thursday night will dedicate a beautiful service flag; the work of members of Rhoda Hebekah Lodge. This meeting will be addressed by the Rev. John McCurdy and Hon. A. H. Woodward, of Clearfield. Let every Odd Fellow and Rebekah turn out.

Mrs. Irvin Bennett visited her daughter Mrs. Albert Mallott at North Clearfield between trains Saturday.

The ordinance of communion and baptism was observed at the M. E. Church Sunday morning and three were taken into full membership. Next Sunday being the last Sunday before conference the pastor, as has been his custom, will preach the annual missionary sermon.

The water company are putting in several feet of new pipe at the reservoir.

Kenneth Ake is home from the Aviation Officers' Training Squadron, Texas, for a short visit with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. N. F. K. Ake.

Mrs. Anna Garman died at her home at Curwensville on Thursday evening, March 7, aged 26 years, 2 months, and 14 days. She is survived by her husband, Mr. Jay Garman, her father, Mrs. Stearl Walker, of Hawk Run, her brother James Walker of Philipsburg, her sister, Mrs. Wm. McFarland of Clearfield, stepmother Mrs. Stearl Walker of Hawk Run, half brother Raymond Walker of Hawk Run, half sister Evelyn Walker of Hawk Run. Funeral services were held March 9, at the residence at 10 o'clock, Rev. Lantz of Curwensville officiating. Interment in Curwensville cemetery.

OSCEOLA MILLS

Mrs. W. P. Whitney was a visitor in Philipsburg on Friday.

Rev. E. C. Reeve and Hon. Jos. E. Phillips were in town on Thursday evening and addressed the patriotic rally in the Fireman's Hall under the auspices of the United Mine Workers.

Mrs. Harry Brown and daughter Helen went to Harrisburg on Friday where they will visit Mrs. Brown's parents and for medical treatment for the little girl who has not been in good health for some time.

Mrs. Polly Brown Webster died at her home Friday morning after a short illness from indigestion, which attacked her on Sunday evening. Deceased was born in England and was aged 52 years, 9 months, and 1 day. She is survived by her husband, William J. and the following children: Mrs. Edward Barr, of Dunlo; Thomas, of this place; Mrs. Samuel Vaughn, of Retort; and Albert, Ernest, Emily, and Mary at home. John Brown, a brother and Mrs. James Guthrie, a sister, both residents of this place, also survive.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

LONG COATS ARE FAVORED



The coats of spring may be either long or three-quarter length, but for general wear the long coat is the favorite. If you are looking for novelty in a coat of this kind consider the advantage of the shapely model shown above. It has a triple cape collar and an odd new arrangement of sash ends at the sides. They are cut in one with a narrow band extending across the back and front. The coat hangs almost straight its fullness held in by a narrow belt.

HIS POSITION

Dr. J. Currier, Republican candidate for Congress in this district, on being interviewed by a representative of this paper as to his position on the question of National Prohibition, said: "I shall, if elected to Congress from the 21st Congressional District use every effort for the advancement of the resolution for National Prohibition, and vote for its final adoption when such period is reached, because this is my personal feeling and believe it to be the sentiment of a majority of the voters in the district."

Statement of the COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, Pa.

At the close of business March 4, 1918
(Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of Currency)

RESOURCES
Investments, less demand
loans \$3,093,932.85
Overdrafts 1,939.22
United States Bonds 1,156,505.00
Banking house, furniture
& fixtures 49,240.04
Due from United States
Treasurer 25,000.00
Interest earned but not
collected 19,182.00

Cash Resources
Cash on hand 205,299.62
Due from
banks 853,650.30
Demand loans on
collateral 116,425.53 1,175,375.45

LIABILITIES
Capital stock 500,000.00
Surplus and
net profits 729,752.60 1,229,752.59
Reserved for interest and
taxes 34,685.73
Circulation 484,250.00
Due to banks 1,283.81
Dividends Unpaid 110.00
Deposits 4,671,092.58

Total \$6,421,174.60

DIRECTORS
Fred G. Betts A. K. Wright
A. L. Forcey H. L. Forcey
John Kennard Jas. A. McPherson
W. C. Miller Jas. P. O'Laughlin
W. B. Potter H. B. Powell
William Bigler R. I. Fulton
J. B. Neving Ed. L. Shirey

WILLIAMSPORT COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Spring term begins April 1st. New classes will be organized. Special work during spring and summer for high school students and teachers. School open all summer. Enter any time.

Business men want office help. One hundred sixty calls have been received for stenographers and bookkeepers during the present school year.
Many graduates have passed Civil Service examinations and are receiving large salaries.
Write for catalogue and free trial lessons in bookkeeping and shorthand.
F. F. HEALEY,
Proprietor.

DOOLEY'S DRUG STORE

Next to Leitingers

SEEK TO RECOVER ADOPTED DAUGHTER

District Attorney John C. Arnold on behalf of Harry E. and Mary Bennett made application yesterday for a writ of habeas corpus to secure possession of Edith Bennett aged 13 years adopted daughter of the Bennetts, who the statement filed alleges is being unlawfully restrained in the home of Oscar Bumbarger at Bigler. Bumbarger is the girl's father but the Bennett's legally adopted her in the Clearfield county courts under date of August 27th last, and recently the father obtained possession of his daughter. Judge Bell made the order returnable Thursday at which time the matter will be argued.

A. H. Woodward Esq., presented a petition to Judge Bell yesterday in which he seeks on behalf of Mrs. Cora L. Coudriet to have a judgment satisfied which is held against his property in Girard township in the name of her husband Leon C. Coudriet. The judgment was originally given to F. F. Coudriet and when the money was provided for its final payment by the sale of a team of horses raised on the farm, the statement alleges, the husband instead of liquidating the indebtedness and having it satisfied of record, had it transferred to himself and now wishes to collect it again. Judge Bell has fixed the first Monday in May for argument on the motion.

Judge Whitehead, of Williamsport, filed a decree in the Probationary's office yesterday in which he refused new trials in the cases of Patrick Egan and James Mark vs. The DuBois Printing and Publishing Company, and W. J. Hines, president.

These cases have been pending in the local courts since 1911 and were actions for damages for alleged libelous statements contained in an article published in the DuBois Journal the result of a factional fight in the U. M. W. of A. for this district.

The cases were continued from time to time but finally reached a trial in which a verdict for \$1000 in favor of each defendant was returned by the jury.

An appeal from this award was taken to the Superior Court and the lower Court findings reversed and the cases remanded back for a new trial.

This trial occurred in September last, Judge Whitehead, of Lycoming county, specially presiding at this trial the jury again returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs but cut the amount of damage from \$1000 down to \$1. The plaintiffs asked for a new trial and it was this motion Judge Whitehead refused.

THEY WILL WED IN THE EARLY SPRING

By J. W. Pegler
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
With The American Expeditionary Army, France, Feb. 11. (By Mail).—And they will be married next Spring. He is a surgeon of the Roosevelt base hospital.

She's French, dark-eyed, brunette and ever so fetching in her white nursing costume with the little red cross on the front of her snow-white cap.

And only eighteen years old. It has been announced—and every thing. The papers have been signed according to the French custom, and the young surgeon has shaken hands with her gray-haired father, a proud member of the Legion of Honor who performed operations in open trenches under fire at Verdun.

They met over the cot of a dying Poilu. The American surgeon was called in to help when the French surgeons were working 18 hours out of 24.

She had adopted this patient as her particular protegee and prayed that he might be spared to go back to his family down in the sun country.

The young surgeon did his best with his first war case. The Poilu struggled and pulled through. He went back to his wife and babies, minus an arm but wearing the Military Medal and the Cross of War.

So she thinks the American surgeon is just the greatest in the world.

And they will be married in Spring.

WILL ENTERTAIN DISTINGUISHED VISITOR

The local Moose lodge is arranging an entertainment for Tuesday next in honor of Bro. William B. Robson, of Pittsburgh, a member of the Grand Lodge, who will visit Clearfield in an official capacity. A smoker and refreshments will follow the business session and all members are urged to be present.

M9-2t

The Progress is described by its readers as the paper that changes its dress every day.

Hard Rubbing is Wasteful

It does more to ruin clothes on washday than daily wear all week.

Wash with Fels-Naptha. It's economical. Its combination of soap and naptha cleanses so quickly that there's little rubbing to do. And it's so much easier.

Walter "Widge" Shay, a Boston high school ball player, has been signed by the Pittsburgh Pirates. Shay, who is an infielder, was the star of the crack Hyannis (Mass.) team last year.

Before becoming a movie actor, Nelson had his face remodeled. The Battler always was an odd man. Instead of changing his name, he most scrappers, the old changed his map.

Evening Frocks Obey War Orders



We are under orders as to evening gowns; the edict is that they must be simple. This is dictated by good taste in deference to the mood of the public. Designers are not expected to sit down in dull splay and do nothing as long as war lasts, and on the other hand, they must not seem to forget the grim business that occupies so much of the world. The evening gown appears not to have suffered from this restraint in being gay. Designers have exercised so much cleverness with the means at hand that there is room for thoughtfulness.

Velvet is greatly favored for one-piece frocks that do duty for evening and extend their usefulness to daytime wear by the addition of a glimpse of lace or embroidered net, or an underbodice with long sleeves of satin. This type of dress meets with the readiest approval.

The evening gown, pure and simple, is developed in the usual materials, of crepe georgette, crepe-de-chine, net, lace, light-colored satin and metallic tissues. Chiffon velvet, in more or less liberal quantities, is used with all these, in combinations that add dignity to the evening frock. It is surprising how little of it can be made to go so far, like the little touches of fur that spell luxury in all sorts of garments.

To brighten up the dark frocks for evening and for wear other dark frocks, strands of colored beads have a special appeal. They are selected to match touches of color that appear in the costume, or to redeem dark frocks from somberness. Beads are proving the most interesting, but strands made for special frocks draw their inspiration from many sources.

Salts Fine for Aching Kidneys

We eat too much meat which clogs Kidneys, then the Back hurts

Most people forget that the kidneys, like the bowels get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.
You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is known to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It neutralizes the acids in the urine so that no longer irritates, has ending bladder disorders.
Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.
A well-known local druggist who sells lots of Jad Salts to his customers believes in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

CIRCULATION TODAY
2,500

A NEWSPAPER THAT IS A NEWS PAPER THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

THE WEATHER
Fair and warmer, tonight. Increasing cloudiness and warmer.

VOLUME XII

CLEARFIELD, PENNSYLVANIA, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH, 11, 1918

NUMBER 219

SAMMIES AGAIN HELP TO RAID THE GERMAN LINES

SEVEN HUNS TAKEN PRISONERS WHILE FRENCH HAD HARD TIME TO HOLD AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN LEASH

OTHER NEWS FROM BATTLE LINE

By Fred S. Ferguson
With the American army in France, March 10—Troops holding the American sector north of Toul made a successful raid against the Boche early this morning. This is the first exclusive American raid without French participation.

By Fred S. Ferguson
With the American Army in France March 10. American and French soldiers operating together conducted successful raids in widely separated sectors demolishing German trenches at three points on a width of 10 meters and to a depth of 300 meters.

American artillery aided in the raids completely demolishing one sector of the enemy trench. No live Germans were encountered there. Elsewhere Boches who had taken refuge in dug outs and pill boxes were bombed and grenaded. Seven German prisoners were taken.

The bombardment in preparation for the raid started at one o'clock Saturday afternoon. After the first tremendous burst of fire the guns continued to rain shots between the Boche first, second and third line of trenches.

The infantry in one sector went through No Man's land without opposition. They penetrated the German first and second lines and found nothing but a mass of wire, leveled trenches smashed dug outs and debris. "The zero hour was 5:35" as they were ordered to return within a certain time.

Men in another sector penetrated 150 meters to the German's third line and another party penetrated 240 meters. They encountered some dug outs but they had all been smashed by shell fire and a dozen pill boxes which were intact. They shouted to the Germans to come out. The latter replied by firing at the Americans. They were given short snuff. Grenades and incendiary bombs were hurled into the German defenses and the pill boxes were encountered. The Sammies clothing were torn to tatters by the barbed wire. Some infantry men rushed forward with bayoneted rifles and shouted to the Germans to come out. The only answer was a rifle shot. At that moment some grenadiers ran up, threw back their hands, aimed and let fly. There was a sudden burst of flame and nothing remained. When the raiders reached the German third line the demolition was even more complete than in the previous two. The troops searched the trench for military documents or other information. Back at the American trenches a white rocket went up a sign to return. The gait back was for every man to look out for himself. The German barrage had been started and was exploding between the Americans and their trenches. It was everybody for himself to walk or run thru the barrage and hop over the parapet and into his own trench. The Captain looked at his watch. It had just taken 45 minutes for the entire operation. On all other sectors the dug outs and pill boxes were found intact. The troops penetrated to the third line and captured two wounded prisoners.

American Aviator Loses Battle
With the American Army in France March 11.—W. J. Winter of Chicago serving in the French aviation corps was killed in an air fight Friday night. It is believed he fell within the German lines. Theodore Hitchcock of Westbury, L. I., a member of the Lafayette Escadrille disappeared while pursuing an enemy plane behind the German rear line. He is believed to have been captured.

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By Henry Wood
With the French Army in the Field March 11.—Franco-American troops in the Lorraine sector executed the first American destructive attack Saturday east of Reillon.

Fifty Ohio troops and 60 French sappers after heavy artillery preparations charged 60 yards through No Man's Land gaining all objectives. While the American troops furnished protection the French sappers blew up wire entanglements, observation posts, shelters and caves. The Germans had retired before the attack reached the enemy trenches. The Franco-American troops returned to their own trenches after 90 minutes.

East of Neuvevillers and Badonvillers two detachments each containing a company of Americans and two companies of French troops penetrated the German lines. They took two prisoners. The poilus said they were forced to restrain the Americans from charging beyond their objective. American artillery participated accurately in both attacks, proving its mastery over the most difficult artillery problems.

The French Report
Paris, March 11.—American troops made a "determined incursion" into German lines in Lorraine the French war office announced today.

Two Naval Airmen Lose Lives
Washington, March 11.—Two American naval aviators were killed in an aeroplane accident in France the Navy department announced today. They were Andrew D. Skaggs of Newburn, Tenn. and Leo Harvie of Cincinnati.

GRAMPIAN LICENSES GRANTED
The license for the Hotel Aberdeen and Gramplan Hotel were granted by Judge Bell this morning. Both these houses were dry last year. The Aberdeen is owned by E. J. Smith and the Gramplan Hotel by George McMullen.

Mrs. Louis H. Piggott left this morning for a visit to Buffalo and Rochester, N. Y., from where she will go to her home in Cooperstown, N. Y. Mrs. Piggott has been visiting at the home of her son, Howard Piggott, for a few weeks.

ATTENTION HAYMAKERS!
Left No. 407 1-2 of Haymakers are called to meet at No. 1 Firemen's Hall Sunday at 2 p. m. Bring your statements along.
M. H. W. H. SUTTON, C. of S.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN
William and Mary College, the second oldest education institution in America, has been opened to women students by action of the Virginia legislature.

Sponsored by the University of Paris, Mlle. Marguerite Clemat, a teacher in the women's college at Versailles and one of the first speakers for woman suffrage in France, has come to the United States to promote a wider knowledge of French literature and to pave the way for better French teachers in American colleges and schools.

INDIAN PROGRAM OF KAISER A BOAST

By J. W. T. Mason
(Written for the United Press)

New York, March 9.—Germany's boast of the establishment of an uninterrupted route to India through the Russian Caucasus, Persia and Afghanistan, is an empty victory that can serve no purpose except to tantalize von Hindenburg by its impossibilities.

India is as safe from a German invasion as Great Britain itself. The difficulties of transport and lack of German troops, even without the fierce hostility of the Afghan tribesmen, are enough to make the German dream wholly impracticable. It would be far more important for the German if they could recover Bagdad for the Turk and drive the British out of Mesopotamia. Yet in this area of hostilities, so much easier of access than India, von Hindenburg is unable to do anything. He cannot even carry out the Kaiser's promise to send an army to attack Egypt, where the transportation problem is still less difficult.

With these urgent problems so much nearer home awaiting solution at the hands of the perplexed German general staff, there is no chance that serious consideration will be given in Berlin to an attack on India. If von Hindenburg were to attempt so unprofitable an adventure, he would meet inevitable defeat and would weaken himself in the principal theaters of the war.

Reports of German war prisoners in Siberia organizing to fight the Russians in possession of that country do not take into consideration the difficulties of securing munitions. There have been no indications that there are great stores of war supplies scattered throughout Siberia. The principal store center is about Vladivostok. It has not yet been explained how the German prisoners can march unarmed on Vladivostok and seize the supplies located there, without news of their purpose preceding them. If the prisoners attempted a campaign of this nature they would be dealt with as a mob. No advantage is gained by regarding German war prisoners as supermen.

THE DEFENDANT IS A SNOB
This is one of those thrilling, exciting, heartbreaking scenes in a court room where Angelina sue Edwin for heart balm. The judge gets excited and calls the defendant a snob. Come out and see Harold Robinson take the part of the defendant.

It is hard to see in this case why Edwin has thrown away Angelina as she is just like one of those girls that you read about in the papers, the kind of a girl that makes your heart ache for two weeks after you have seen her the first time. Guess the defendant believes in the saying.

It is better to have loved and lost Than to be married— And be bossed.

Come and see whether you think the judge is justified in calling the defendant a snob.

CAMP LEE MEN WILL BE SENT TO FRANCE EARLY IN SUMMER

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., March 8.—"Without question the Eightieth Division will be on the firing line this summer. It will receive its baptism of fire before autumn. This much is definite."

Maj. Gen. Cronkhite, commanding general of the division, authorized the publication of this fact this morning. There have been all sorts of rumors about the past few days concerning the leaving of the division for overseas duty and the commanding general consented to the subject today. Orders were received several days ago from Washington designating the Eightieth Division for service in France.

"We will leave here as soon as the division is filled up and the men are prepared," the general said. "We must first receive 10,000 additional men, 3,000 of whom will come from the depot brigade. I do not know where the remaining 7,000 are to come from. Of course, we want the very best. The rest depends entirely upon the aptitude of men in learning the many things they must be taught. Both officers and soldiers will be asked to work excessively hard both day and night. There is no prohibition of personal correspondence now nor is there likely to be until the troops are moved to a port of embarkation. No one knows the date of our departure, but should reports of a date gain circulation and be related in letters home, it would be necessary to establish a censorship in camp here."

PLUSH MILL IS PAYING BONUS TO EMPLOYEES

The Clearfield Textile company appreciating the exacting conditions to which its employees are subject, due to increased living costs, recently inaugurated a war bonus plan, for the purpose of assisting them to meet the advance prices of life's necessities.

Under this plan a ten per cent war bonus is paid every three months based on the total earnings of each employee. This bonus plan is to remain in effect for the duration of the war and while the high cost of living prevails. This philanthropic departure on the part of the Textile company is highly commendable and is greatly appreciated by the beneficiaries.

The extent and advantage of the plan will be appreciated when it is known that last week's bonus amounted to more than \$1,000, some of the employees receiving as much as \$18.00 bonus while some of the men received nearly \$30.

DISTRICT BOARD NOTES
We are indebted to Hon. Peter Gearhart for the following report of the work of the district Exemption Board for Division No. 2 of Western Pennsylvania at Erie:

DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS WILL BE WARNED

Time For Filing Income Tax Returns Grows Shorter And All Are Again Warned

ARE YOU ONE OF THEM?

Washington, D. C., March 11.—Twenty-five thousand Four Minute Men will start out today on a nationwide campaign to impress upon the American public their patriotic duty promptly to file their income tax return and pay their taxes. The period for filing ends April 1. Taxpayers have seventeen days, not counting Sundays, in which to comply with this provision of the law. The penalty for failure is a fine of not less than \$20 nor more than \$1,000 and an additional assessment of 50 per cent. of the amount due.

The Four Minute Men will appear in theatres, moving picture houses and at public gatherings. Special meetings will be held by chambers of commerce, boards of trade, rotary clubs, luncheon clubs and business organizations to hear the addresses. "Don't delay" is the warning that will be given by the speakers. Taxpayers will be urged to protect themselves and aid the Government by being prompt. It will cost the Government money and trouble to hunt down the man who dodges the income tax, but the word has gone forth from headquarters that this will be done. The "clacker" will be shown no leniency.

The man whose intentions are good but who is inclined to put off until tomorrow what should be done today will be urged not to procrastinate, but to get his blank and file his return at once.

In every address the Four Minute Men will lay stress upon that provision of the law which requires a return from every unmarried person whose net income for 1917 was \$1,000 or more and from every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or more. They will be supplied with facts and figures to show that the rich man and the man of modest means alike are made to bear a just share of the common burden. Tables will be produced comparing the rate of tax in the United States and Great Britain. Here the married man with an income of \$2,500 pays \$10. In Great Britain the man with an income of \$2,500 pays a tax of \$225 and \$300 if his income is not earned but is from interest, rent or bonds or the like. As the income increases the difference between American and British taxes becomes less and finally when million dollar incomes are reached the amount paid in this country is greater than in Great Britain.

The normal rate of tax under the war revenue act of 1917 is 2 per cent on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of \$1,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of \$2,000. Under the act of September 8, 1916, which remains in force, the normal rate of tax is 2 per cent on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of \$3,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of \$4,000.

Incomes under the 1917 act are subject to a surtax which ranges from 1 per cent on incomes between \$5,000 and \$7,500 to 50 per cent. on incomes in excess of \$1,000,000. The surtax under the 1916 act ranges from 1 per cent on incomes between \$20,000 and \$40,000 to 15 per cent on incomes in excess of \$2,000,000. The multi-millionaire is assessed 67 per cent. on his income in excess of \$2,000,000 while the man with a \$2,500 income pays 2 per cent on his income in excess of \$2,000.

These and other facts and figures will be used to refute the statement of German sympathizers that this is a "capitalists' war". "We must learn to realize," says a bulletin issued to the Four Minute Men by the Committee on Public Information, "that all of us who pay our mite are really capitalists. A capitalist is simply a person who has a claim on a bit of the world's stored up wealth. The unmarried man and woman earning \$1,000 a year is by no means 'poor'—with rare exceptions he or she has something laid by in a bond, real estate or a few dollars in a savings bank. An income of \$1,000 is considerably above the average. "And after all, what is a \$4 tax, year share if you are single and make

SHAPLAN'S CABLES

Bolsheviki Takes New Name

By Joseph Shaplan
Copyrighted 1918 by United Press
The government is moving to Moscow as the first step in the organization of resistance on all fronts according to an official press announcement today. It is believed it may be necessary for the Bolshevik government to fight both Germany and Japan. The Bolshevik congress has adopted the new title of "Communist Party." A treaty of alliance with the Finland red guard has been signed by the Bolshevik government to offset the German treaty with the white guard in Finland.

By Joseph Shaplan
Petrograd, March 9.—The Russian's public opinion is greatly surprised at the failure of President Wilson and America to halt the Japanese intervention into Siberia. Those opposed to the Bolshevik regime pointed out that this failure strengthens the Bolshevik's argument that all the countries are united against the Russian revolution.

HOME ON BRIEF FURLOUGH

Corporal John Graham, who is located at Fort Wayne, Michigan, is home on a short furlough. Corporal Graham is on his way back to Fort Wayne after a trip to a German detention camp in Georgia. A German spy was recently arrested at Detroit and turned over to the military authorities. It was shown that although a resident of this country for more than fourteen years, the man had failed to avail himself of American citizenship and after a hearing it was decided to lock him up during the period of the war and Corporal Graham was detailed to take him to prison.

A few days furlough was allowed Corporal Graham on his return trip and he will spend that time with his home folks. He is looking fine and every inch the soldier and enjoys the life immensely.

SECRETARY OF WAR VISITS PERSHING

Washington, March 10.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, has arrived safely at a French port en route to the headquarters of Gen. Pershing on a tour of military inspection and conference.

Paris, March 11.—Secretary of War Baker will see President Poincaré and Premier Clemenceau then visit the American troops at the front.

WANTED—Man for party and business with steady employment. First G. Baker.

\$1,000 and what is a \$10 tax to a married man, earning \$2,000 a year? We, as Americans, will pay that much cheerfully."

BLOOMSBURGER WILL MANAGE P. P. S. CO.

Warren Partridge Is Promoted And Becomes Consulting Engineer For Concern

WILL RETAIN RESIDENCE HERE

On April 1st, Warren Partridge, for the past six years General Manager of the Penn Public Service Company properties, will become Consulting Engineer for H. D. Walbridge & Company of New York City, in connection with various public utilities which they control and operate. Mr. Partridge's headquarters will be located in the new office building of the Penn Public Service Company and his residence remain in Clearfield. He will also give considerable attention to the recently organized Penelec Coal Company which is developing several coal mines in different sections of the state.

Stephen C. Pohe of Boonshurg, Pa. will be the new General Manager of the Penn Public Service Company. Mr. Pohe was connected with H. D. Walbridge & Co., for several years as General Manager of the Columbia & Montour Electric Company and the Northumberland County Gas & Electric Company. In 1910 Mr. Pohe was President of the Pennsylvania Electric Association and has a wide acquaintance among utility operators in Pennsylvania.

SPORTSMEN SHOULD ATTEND

All Clearfield hunters and sportsmen should make it a point to attend the meeting to be held in the recreation room of the Court House tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

This meeting has been called for the purpose of getting the sentiment of our people relative to the closing of the county to the hunting of pheasants for at least two years. It has been recognized by all those familiar with conditions hereabouts that something must be done and that quickly to prevent the total extinction of the ruffed grouse or pheasant. Many of the adjoining counties will be closed during the next two years and if hunting is allowed in Clearfield county while Centre, Blair and the adjoining counties are closed it will mean many outside hunters in our woods and the wiping out of these game birds is bound to be the result.

The matter will be discussed at Tuesday night's meeting and on his decision will rest the matter of starting a petition locally asking the State Game Commission to close the county to bird hunting for at least two years. Attend the meeting, give your views and have your say. Every hunter should be present.

CASTS FIRST VOTE AT 102 YEARS OF AGE

Mrs. Sally Gold of Brooklyn, 102 years of age cast her first vote in a special election for representative in Congress, Tuesday, March 5, 1918. For years she had longed to vote, but she did not get the opportunity until this election following the adoption of woman suffrage by New York state in the November election.



THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1918.

SENATOR SPROUL FOR RATIFICATION

Exceedingly gratifying to Pennsylvania Republicans is Senator William C. Sproul's declaration in favor of the prohibition amendment. In his address to the Chester County Republican Committee he took substantially the position that has been recommended by the Gazette Times and which has been widely indorsed in this state. With Senator Sproul unequivocally for ratification, prohibition is definitely eliminated as an issue in the governorship contest, since J. Denny O'Neil, also a candidate for the Republican nomination, has taken a like stand. The Governor, it is to be remembered, will have no official duty in connection with ratification, but the executive may exercise no little influence over members of the General Assembly when this subject is up for action. The significance of the similar attitude of both Republican candidates is therefore apparent. It is a happy augury of ratification by Pennsylvania next winter, provided the people of this great commonwealth are wise in their choice of senatorial and representative candidates in the primary election. Hence, The Gazette Times repeats, make sure of ratification by nominating Republicans pledged to support the Federal prohibition amendment. The contest must be waged and won in the primary campaign, not after it.—(Gazette Times.)

STOCK OF WHEAT DROPS ONE HALF IN LAST YEAR

Figures Released By Government Shows By Expert Calculation Necessity For Saving

NEW MILLING STANDARD SOON

The total stocks of wheat in commercial channels on December 31, 1917, as indicated by a partial tabulation of the food survey of the latter date, were approximately one-half as large as the commercial stocks on hand December 31, 1916, according to a statement just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. In this connection it is pointed out that the commercial visible supply figures published by the Chicago Board of Trade show stocks on hand January 5, 1918, about 30 per cent of the commercial visible supply reported for January 6, 1917, while the visible supply reported by Bradstreet for January 6, 1918, was approximately 36 per cent of that reported for January 6, 1917.

Commercial Stocks of Wheat

The commercial stocks of wheat at the end of December, 1917, compared more favorably with those of a year earlier than did the stocks at the end of August, 1917, the holdings of December 31, 1917, being 50 per cent of those reported for the corresponding date in 1916, while the commercial stocks of August 31, 1917, were only 37 per cent of those for the same date in 1916. At the same time it is indicated that there was only a slight change in the relative importance of

the commercial stocks of flour on the dates of the two surveys as compared with the corresponding dates a year earlier. On August 31, 1917, the commercial stocks of flour were about 75 per cent of the stocks reported on hand August 31, 1916, while on December 31, 1917, the stocks of flour were 70 per cent of those reported for the corresponding date in 1916. The total wheat crop of 1917 was approximately 650,000,000 bushels, as compared with 640,000,000 bushels for the previous year and with 805,000,000 bushels, the average for the five-year period 1911-1915.

The final figures for August 31, 1917, the final figures for the August 31, 1917, food survey show that the total commercial stocks of wheat on that date were 75,000,000 bushels, or less than a two months' supply, while the commercial stocks of flour were about 12,000,000 barrels, representing approximately a six weeks' supply.

The elevators, mills, and wholesale grain dealers held 88.4 per cent of the commercial stocks of wheat reported for August 31, 1917, and 35.6 per cent of the total commercial stocks of flour reported for that date. In the case of flour, retail dealers held 24.9 per cent, bakers 20.3 per cent, wholesale grocers 9.7 per cent, and storage warehouses 5.3 per cent.

The Holdings by States
Minnesota and California reported the largest commercial stocks of wheat on August 31, 1917, their holdings being 7,200,000 and 6,891,000 bushels, respectively, while Missouri, Illinois, Kansas each held about 5,000,000 bushels. The combined holdings of these five states amounted to 28,000,000 bushels, or more than 45 per cent of the total for the United States. In the case of flour, eight states reported about one-half of the total stocks of the country. New York leading with \$12,896 barrels, followed by Pennsylvania with 659,438, Illinois with 639,126, and Nebraska with 634,915 barrels, while California, Texas, Minnesota, and Missouri each reported about 500,000 barrels.

WICKERSHAM WILL LECTURE HERE ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT

The last number of the High School entertainment course will be given on Wednesday evening at 8:30 p. m. The following sketch will prove to any one that the lecture will be well worth the price of admission, which is only fifty cents.

DR. L. B. WICKERSHAM

The great master lecturer is the man who pleases the people—the common people, cultured and uncultured—and gives an impetus for good in the direction of his thought. His supreme triumph is the capture of his audience, and his highest eulogy its favorable verdict. Measured by this criterion Wickersham is one of the masters. In the pulpit he is a great preacher, on the stage he might have been a great actor, in the forum a great orator, and on the platform he is a trinity of actor, orator, preacher—the Prince of Popular Lecturers.



DR. L. B. WICKERSHAM.

He is a man of spotless character, lofty purpose and great natural endowments; magnetic, brilliant, sympathetic and humorous. His lectures are strikingly original, built around some fundamental truth, and gain an added charm from his rich, musical voice and dramatic delivery.

His success has been uninterrupted and we believe his record is unparalleled. He has delivered over seven hundred paid lectures and special addresses in his home state. What is the meaning of such a record? Simply that the people like to hear him and call for him again and again. This is true of his work from Winnipeg to New Orleans and from New York to San Francisco. He has filled the largest number of return engagements, in a limited time and territory, of any man who is now or ever has been upon the platform, so far as we are able to learn.

We need not commend him. The people have given their verdict. From such a record there is no appeal.

EAGLES HOLD PATRIOTIC SESSION

The patriotic meeting of Clearfield Aerie No. 812, F. O. E. held in the Globe theatre yesterday afternoon, while not as largely attended as it should have been, was a highly enjoyable occasion and the patriotic expression of the speakers made a profound impression on their hearers and should be productive of a better understanding of America's situation in the world war and the necessity for the united effort of all our people to bring success to our arms.

The musical program was especially pleasing, the singing of Miss Celesti Bonner and violin solos of Mrs. Richard Peterson being very fine and highly appreciated. Misses Theressa Eisenhauer and Miss Alice Smith presided at the piano most acceptably.

The speeches of W. A. Hagerty and A. H. Woodward, Esqs., were check full of patriotic sentiment and elicited hearty applause.

The White Sox are to try out several young pitchers, but he chances are that "Knuckles" Cicotte will have to be out there with the winning shots, or the Sox won't repeat.



Try Kondon's for the baby's cold
(at no charge to you)
50,000,000 have used this 23-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, etc. Write us for complimentary copy or buy bottle at drug store. It will send you FREE time more than it costs, or we pay money back. For trial and free write to:
KONDON MED. CO., WHEELING, W. VA.

FOOD SUPPLY OF THE KAISER A SECRET

Amsterdam, March 9.—If there is one secret more than another about their private affairs that the Kaiser and his family have kept carefully concealed from the German public it is the existence of the royal private food stores.

The story, as told by one who was in the personal service of the imperial family, is that some five years ago, when Germany was already speeding up her preparations for war, the Kaiser had secretly laid by considerable quantities of various foods against the day when Germany's food supplies might be considerably reduced. These royal stores of food, with the exception of certain stores of food at the royal palaces, were laid down under the direction of the War Office.

There are said to be six of these stores, in various places about Germany. The largest is at Frankfurt. The contents of this store and another at Munich are reserved entirely for the use of the Kaiser and the imperial household. The other stores, at Posen, Danzig, Breslau and Karlsruhe, are for the benefit of other German royalties.

WOULD PUT SPEEDER TAGS ON THE DOGS

LETTER TO EDITOR

Clearfield, Pa.
March 5, 1918.

Kindly spare me a little space in the columns of your paper to express to the readers some of the dangers of this old world. There are great dangers arising every day. When our sons and husbands are sent across the deep to face the deadly bullets of the Hun we sigh and say, "Oh, the danger; we may never see them alive again."

The people who think of these dangers should go out along the State highway and see the deadly autos fly past at the rate of 60 miles an hour, and see people crowd off against the muddy bank to save their lives. Warfare is not only in France; it is right here in Clearfield county. Now, good people, for a little home defense. Think, this is March 1st, and with such deadly speeding already what will summer bring forth? Could we not get our good county detective to look into these matters? They do in other counties, so let good old Clearfield county come to the front.

Lots of these speeders should have their license taken and put on a good dog. It would be of more good than on speeding autos and motorcycles.

A DAILY READER.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the name of Jonathan Currier of Grantville, Pa., as a candidate for the office of congress to represent the 21st Congressional district composed of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean counties, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Grantville, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. J. Jones of Bradford, McKean county as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first district composed of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean counties, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Bradford, Pa.

STATE SENATE.
We are authorized to announce the name of J. J. Miller of Bigler township, Clearfield county as a candidate for the office of Senator from the 54th Senatorial district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Madera, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. A. H. Pidgeon, of Houtzdale, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party. Favors the adoption of the National Prohibition Amendment. P. O. address, Houtzdale, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. D. Miller of Penn township, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. Chas. F. Youngberg, of Grass Flat, as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules of the Republican party. Post office address Grass Flat, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Hon. A. S. Moulthrop of DuBois, Pa., as a candidate for the office of Member of the General Assembly at Harrisburg, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. Post Office, DuBois, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of Harry W. Brown of Osceola Mills, Pa., as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first Congressional District, subject to the rules governing the Prohibition Party. P. O. Address, Osceola Mills, Pa.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

TO THE MODERATE DRINKER.

"Nations, as well as individuals, are accepting the unquestioned nervous damage of alcohol," says Dr. Robert S. Carroll in his book, "The Mastery of Nervousness." Many appalling and distorted statements have been made to frighten the drinker from his cups. But it would seem that when a committee appointed by a government to investigate the harmful effects of alcohol reports that the drinker's life is shortened 25 minutes by every glass of alcoholic liquor, even the reckless would hesitate. Six years are knocked off the earthly existence of the average drinker. The tippler answers that it is his own life that he is shortening, and if he pleases so to live and die, he alone is hurt. There is another thing to be considered:

"Three out of four of the offspring of average drinkers show inherited defects, chiefly of the nervous system. Many an intense, unhappy, miserable, high-strung neurotic of today is the defective daughter of a genial, jovial, easy-going, old-school gentleman whose mint juleps of good-fellowship burn hot in the brains of his children. Numbers of fearsome epileptics go through lives of fierce uncertainty, the unhappy products of a single ancestral spree. These innocent victims are condemned, before birth, to live with nervous systems attuned to discord, capable of expressing life only through minor strains, hopelessly deficient—pitiable, depressed, morbid, blighted lives."

THE WINNING ARGUMENT.

"It is idle to argue from prophecy when we may argue from history," pitifully said Sidney Lanier. What has really happened as the result of dry law is of more value as prohibition argument than all the prognostications of liquor advocates in and for territory now wet. In a recent campaign issue the Union Signal gives column after column to this worthwhile history argument. First-hand testimony from 14 dry states (there was no space for more) proves that prohibition is a boon and a blessing, socially and economically; that it increases man power and money power. "The success argument," says the editor, "is the winning factor in present-day prohibition campaigns. It effectually silences the liquorites." That argument is abundantly supplied by enthusiastic statements continually given out by governors, attorneys general, mayors, sheriffs, bankers, by business managers, labor commissioners, and prominent residents of prohibition states.

DRY BITS.

Grammar: A prohibition.

Dry: Comparative.

Dryer: Superlative.

Bone dry: In 1920 the United States will be in the superlative condition.

The constitution of the United States gives to each man the right to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

The liquor institution sends man to death, slavery and the pursuit of wretchedness.

St. Paul wrote to Timothy to use a little wine for his stomach's sake. A good many Timothys since then have too eagerly followed this advice and have gone to seed.

LIQUOR AND LABOR.

A department superintendent of one of the big factories in Akron, O., uses 60 men in each shift. They are making gas masks, miners' respirators, and other vital war material. That department is working only two shifts a day instead of three, because of the scarcity of labor. They pay off on Friday. On one Saturday only six of the sixty men in one shift reported for work. "Ninety per cent of our labor troubles are due to booze," says this superintendent. If the government would shut down on the liquor traffic we could increase our output enormously. There is no lack of labor. The only trouble is to keep it working full time."

PASSING OF THE PENITENTIARY.

Citizens of Colorado are inquiring what is to become of the state penitentiary a few years hence. Despite the increase in population the prison quota, Warden Tynan says, has been reduced since prohibition went into effect at the rate of ten a month. Should this same ratio be maintained the penitentiary will be emptied in less than six years.

Other dry states face similar situations. If Kansas were not providing for federal prisoners and prisoners from other states, most of her penal institutions would be closing up.

WHY HER COW IS LIKE KENTUCKY.

First Lady—Did you know I have the dearest little pig, and I call it Ink.

Second Lady—And why do you call your pig Ink?

First Lady—Sure, because it runs out of the pen.

Second Lady—Aw, had cess to ye! But did ye know that I have a cow. I have that and I call her Kentucky.

First Lady—And why do you call your cow Kentucky?

Second Lady—Because she's going dry.

If you don't read every page of The Progress you are bound to miss something interesting.

Photo of New Republican Chairman



This is the latest photograph of Will H. Hays, of Indiana, new chairman of the National Republican committee. His recent visit to the east and particularly to Washington was hailed by Republicans as successful. They believe he did much to cement discordant element of his party, and to strengthen the organization.

Table Linens In The Sale of White to Replenish Your Linen Chest

An opportunity such as this to replenish your table napery will not come for a long, long time. Importations are practically cut off, home industries are greatly handicapped on account of the labor situation and the outlook for cheaper table linens is darker than at any time during our business experience. Prices, of course, are higher than they ever have been but what we are offering you at the mentioned prices are real money saving opportunities such as may not come your way again during your lifetime

Table Cloths In The Piece And Ready Made

Bleached cotton table cloth 58 inches wide in clover leaf pattern, barred weaving and with stripe and floral design. Specially priced during the white sale at, the yard 22 1/2c, 27c and 45c.

Bleached cotton table clothing, 72 inches wide in striped, floral and other conventional designs. Wonderful savings opportunities at yard prices of 54c, 58 1/2c, and 72 1/2c.

Moss rose and other patterns in unbleached cotton, 60 inches wide. Specially priced at, the yard, 58 1/2c, 67 1/2c, and 76 1/2c.

Superior satin damask, 70 inches wide in a shamrock pattern. Specially priced in the white sale at 90c yard.

Union linen in three patterns, Lily of the Valley, stripe and roses and daisy. Full two yards wide and bleached, at \$1.71, \$1.80 and \$2.02 1/2 yard.

Extra heavy satin damask full width in a pansy pattern. Specially priced in the white sale at \$2.25.

Buy Napkins To Last Several Years

You'll save money by doing so. And when you can get them at such prices as these you're looking thrifly forward to the time when you'll have enough when the price is much higher than now. Most of the patterns will perfectly match the table cloth patterns that are in the sale so that you can buy entire sets. There are two sizes 20 and 22 inches in mercerized cotton and linen. For the sets of 12 we have priced them at \$2.70, \$2.92 1/2, \$3.15 up to \$5.40.

Hemstitched Table Cloths & Napkins

Full table size of good quality damask. Dainty patterns and carefully hemstitched. Specially priced in the White Sale at \$1.12 1/2 up to \$2.25.

Napkins to match above, 22 inches, hemstitched. A very special priced bit of napery at \$2.02 1/2 per dozen.

Ross & Woods

Clearfield

*Penna.

Your Emergency

A man said the other day: "I certainly had some sense when I opened up that savings account. It pulled me out of a mighty big hole a few believe, come to everybody. Is it not a fact that you have had a few yourself? We will be glad to serve you. days ago. These unlooked for emergencies, we

Clearfield National Bank

"The Bank of Service"

Classified Ads For Everybody

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Washerwoman. Call at No. 4 Fourth street. M11-2t

WANTED—Woman cook at the Continental Hotel, Philipsburg. Good wages. M8-1f

WANTED—Girl for general house work. No washing. Good wages. Call H. & C. phone 210. M7-1f

GIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Must be experienced. Mrs. John R. Gearhart. M7-6tp

WANTED—A boy at the Clearfield laundry. M6-1w

WANTED—Housekeeper for home near West Decatur. Four children in home. Apply to Ben Knepp, West Decatur, R. F. D. No. 1. M9-6tp

WANTED

WANTED—Copies of The Progress of February 6. Will pay five cents each for them at Progress office.

CASH FOR OLD TEETH
Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2 to \$15.00 per set, also cash for old gold, silver, platinum, dental gold and old gold jewelry. Will send cash by return mail and will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my price. Mail to L. Mazer 2007 S. 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa. M5-1mp

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from Royal white Wyandottes. Winners at four leading shows. Excellent winter layers. C. C. Holt, Winburne. M1-1mch

FOR SALE—Two full blood (Black Java) cockerels. Will crate and ship f. o. b. on receipt of \$3.00 apiece. H. B. Norris, New Millport, Pa. M8-2tc

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A six room house on Sixth street. Inquire Adam Bell. M9-2t-pd

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Ra Dunlap, of Bellwood, and Della Oshell, of Utahville.
Frank Wingwisky, of Bresin and Elsie Walk, of West Decatur.
George Senger, of Winburne and Pearl Hall, of Munson.
Ralph O. Luce, of Rockton, and Virgie Shubert, of Bloom township.
Fred Andrews and Nafia Kassouf, both of DuBois.
William Pearce, of Jordan, and Jennie Yoder, of Bell township.
James Mitchell, Jr., and Agnes E. Weaver, both of Clearfield.
James McKinley, of Lumber City, and Edna Blake, of Curwensville.
William S. Rice, of Sandy Ridge, and Harriet Bierley, of Karthaus.
Giuliano Augustino, and Marie Ortolino, both of Clearfield.

NOTICE

Commencing Monday, March 11, the butchers of Clearfield will close their shops at six o'clock with the exception of Saturday evening.
Signed, THE BUTCHERS
M8-3t

WANTED!

Several families with girls. We have new and up to date houses to rent. Apply personally at the Clearfield Textile Co., West Side.

Why

do you continue to risk your all without adequate fire protection when we will gladly explain any feature that you may not understand?

Helmhold & Stewart
Snyder Block

NEW GERMAN DRIVE WILL FORCE GREECE INTO ACTIVE WAR

By J. W. T. Mason

(Written for the United Press)
New York, March 8.—New German designs for a spring offensive against the Allies' position at Salonika, would result, if carried out, in throwing Greece into the arms of the Allies for self-protection.

The Greeks, at present, are reluctant to take an active part in the war. A sweep by the Central Powers however into the Attic peninsula, could not be accomplished except at the cost of such great disruption to Greek life as would follow a belligerent invasion. The Allies situation at Salonika interferes to a minimum extent with the Greeks but if Greece were turned into a battlefield, the population could not remain passive.

Every national interest of the Greeks would then press for active participation in the war with the Allies. The substitution of German occupation of Salonika in place of the Allies, would mean that Greece must thereafter accept an inferior position in the Balkans. Bulgaria, Greece's principal rival for Balkan leadership would be able to dominate Greece with the assistance of the German army of occupation.

It is not to Germany's interest, to permit Bulgaria to occupy too powerful a field in Southeastern Europe. Such a development would interfere with Germany's Mitteleuropa plans. The Greeks must not be made hostile to Germany by deliberate acts of aggression, if Germany hopes to try to extend her Mitteleuropa idea. A serious blunder, as to developments after the war would therefore be committed if the Germans carried hostilities into Greece.

The west front is now the decisive area of the war. The announcement by the British government that the Allies have a superiority there in men, guns and aeroplanes indicates that a new German attempt to break through would invite as even greater disaster than a German assault against Salonika. The Germans are now on the defensive and must remain there if they hope to save their man power from well high permanent crippling.

WAR TIME "STAND-BYS" FOR THE CHILDREN

Once upon a time there was a man cutting grass with a scythe. As the people passed by they noticed that the way he worked seemed to have something to do with what he had had for breakfast. One morning he would cut very slowly, muttering: "Coffee and Cakes—Coffee and Cakes." Coffee and cakes did not seem to be right. But one morning there was a smile upon his face, the scythe was swishing back and forth right merrily—"Milk and eggs, look out for your legs—Butter and eggs—I'll take it in kegs."

That little story will amuse the children, and help them to appreciate the good "conservation" foods recommended by the U. S. food administration.

Good "Stand-By's" for Children
Soft cooked eggs
Poached eggs
Omelets
Omelets
Scrambled eggs
Cornmeal mush
Oatmeal porridge
Puffed rice
Rice
Hominy
Corn flakes
Toasted bread
Toasted muffins
Crackers
Milk toast
Baked potatoes (white or sweet)
Plain well cooked vegetables.
A little well cooked meat
Chicken, fish

BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.
All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.
Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

Mrs. M. V. Read visited her son Millard and family near Indianapolis, Sunday.

Residents of Ridge avenue will be glad to hear John Snyder will open up store again in that vicinity. Mr. Snyder expect to carry a full line of groceries and will conduct a cash system.

Miss Elsie Throne, of Irwin Hill, was taken to the Clearfield hospital for treatment Saturday afternoon.

Curwensville milk depot's management has taken another progressive step by the recent installation of a champion milk cooler and aerator from Cortland, N. Y.

Abram T. Bloom of Bridgeport, whose foot was burned by acid at the Bickford works last week, is making excellent progress toward recovering.

Dr. D. J. Hawkins, with the Medical Reserve corps, Ft. Riley, Kansas, is spending a couple of days with his father, Rev. J. P. Hawkins and family on Filbert street.

Bethesda Lodge, 821, I. O. O. F., at their patriotic meeting Thursday night will dedicate a beautiful service flag; the work of members of Rhoda Hebekah Lodge. This meeting will be addressed by the Rev. John McCurdy and Hon. A. H. Woodward, of Clearfield. Let every Odd Fellow and Rebekeh turn out.

Mrs. Irvin Bennett visited her daughter Mrs. Albert Mallott at North Clearfield between trains Saturday.

The ordinance of communion and baptism was observed at the M. E. Church Sunday morning and three were taken into full membership. Next Sunday being the last Sunday before conference the pastor, as has been his custom, will preach the annual missionary sermon.

The water company are putting in several feet of new pipe at the reservoir.

Kenneth Ake is home from the Aviation Officers' Training Squadron, Texas, for a short visit with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. N. F. K. Ake.

Mrs. Anna Garman died at her home at Curwensville on Thursday evening, March 7, aged 26 years, 2 months, and 14 days. She is survived by her husband, Mr. Jay Garman, her father, Mrs. Stearl Walker, of Hawk Run, her brother James Walker of Philipsburg, her sister, Mrs. Wm. McFarland of Clearfield, stepmother Mrs. Stearl Walker of Hawk Run, half brother Raymond Walker of Hawk Run, half sister Evelyn Walker of Hawk Run. Funeral services were held March 9, at the residence at 10 o'clock, Rev. Lantz of Curwensville officiating. Interment in Curwensville cemetery.

OSCEOLA MILLS

Mrs. W. P. Whitney was a visitor in Philipsburg on Friday.

Rev. E. C. Reeve and Hon. Jos. E. Phillips were in town on Thursday evening and addressed the patriotic rally in the Fireman's Hall under the auspices of the United Mine Workers.

Mrs. Harry Brown and daughter Helen went to Harrisburg on Friday where they will visit Mrs. Brown's parents and for medical treatment for the little girl who has not been in good health for some time.

Mrs. Polly Brown Webster died at her home Friday morning after a short illness from indigestion, which attacked her on Sunday evening. Deceased was born in England and was aged 52 years, 9 months, and 1 day. She is survived by her husband, William J. and the following children: Mrs. Edward Barr, of Dunlo; Thomas, of this place; Mrs. Samuel Vaughn, of Retort, and Albert, Ernest, Emily, and Mary at home. John Brown, a brother and Mrs. James Guthrie, a sister, both residents of this place, also survive.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

DOOLEY'S DRUG STORE
Next to Leitingers

LONG COATS ARE FAVORED



The coats of spring may be either long or three-quarter length, but for general wear the long coat is the favorite. If you are looking for novelty in a coat of this kind consider the advantage of the shapely model shown above. It has a triple cape collar and an odd new arrangement of sash ends at the sides. They are cut in one with a narrow band extending across the back and front. The coat hangs almost straight its fullness held in by a narrow belt.

HIS POSITION

Dr. J. Currier, Republican candidate for Congress in this district, on being interviewed by a representative of this paper as to his position on the question of National Prohibition, said: "I shall, if elected to Congress from the 21st Congressional District use every effort for the advancement of the resolution for National Prohibition, and vote for its final adoption when such period is reached, because this is my personal feeling and believe it to be the sentiment of a majority of the voters in the district."

Statement of the
COUNTY NATIONAL BANK
of Clearfield, Pa.
At the close of business March 4, 1918
(Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of Currency)

RESOURCES
Investments, less demand
loans \$3,093,932.85
Overdrafts 1,939.22
United States Bonds 1,156,505.00
Banking house, furniture
& fixtures 49,240.04
Due from United States
Treasurer 25,000.00
Interest earned but not
collected 19,182.00

Cash Resources
Cash on hand 205,299.62
Due from
banks 853,650.30
Demand loans on
collateral 116,425.53 1,175,375.45
Total \$6,421,174.66

LIABILITIES
Capital stock 500,000.00
Surplus and
net profits 729,752.60 1,229,752.59
Reserved for interest and
taxes 34,685.73
Circulation 484,250.00
Due to banks 1,283.81
Dividends Unpaid 110.00
Deposits 4,671,092.58
Total \$6,421,174.60

DIRECTORS

Fred G. Betts A. K. Wright
A. L. Forcey H. L. Forcey
John Kennard Jas. A. McPherson
W. C. Miller Jas. P. O'Laughlin
W. B. Potter H. B. Powell
William Bigler R. I. Fulton
J. B. Neving Ed. L. Shirey

WILLIAMSPORT COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Spring term begins April 1st. New classes will be organized. Special work during spring and summer for high school students and teachers. School open all summer. Enter any time.

Business men want office help. One hundred sixty calls have been received for stenographers and bookkeepers during the present school year.

Many graduates have passed Civil Service examinations and are receiving large salaries.

Write for catalogue and free trial lessons in bookkeeping and shorthand. F. F. HEALEY, Proprietor.

DOOLEY'S DRUG STORE
Next to Leitingers

SEEK TO RECOVER ADOPTED DAUGHTER

District Attorney John C. Arnold on behalf of Harry E. and Mary Bennett made application yesterday for a writ of habeas corpus to secure possession of Edith Bennett aged 13 years adopted daughter of the Bennetts, who the statement filed alleges is being unlawfully restrained in the home of Oscar Bumbarger at Bigler. Bumbarger is the girl's father but the Bennetts legally adopted her in the Clearfield county courts under date of August 27th last, and recently the father obtained possession of his daughter. Judge Bell made the order returnable Thursday at which time the matter will be argued.

A. H. Woodward Esq., presented a petition to Judge Bell yesterday in which he seeks on behalf of Mrs. Cora L. Coudriet to have a judgment satisfied which is held against his property in Girard township in the name of her husband Leon C. Coudriet. The judgment was originally given to F. F. Coudriet and when the money was provided for its final payment by the sale of a team of horses raised on the farm, the statement alleges, the husband instead of liquidating the indebtedness and having it satisfied of record, had it transferred to himself and now wishes to collect it again. Judge Bell has fixed the first Monday in May for argument on the motion.

Judge Whitehead, of Williamsport, filed a decree in the Probationary's office yesterday in which he refused new trials in the cases of Patrick Egan and James Mark vs. The DuBois Printing and Publishing Company, and W. J. Hines, president.

These cases have been pending in the local courts since 1911 and were actions for damages for alleged libelous statements contained in an article published in the DuBois Journal the result of a factional fight in the U. M. W. of A. for this district.

The cases were continued from time to time but finally reached a trial in which a verdict for \$1000 in favor of each defendant was returned by the jury.

An appeal from this award was taken to the Superior Court and the lower Court findings reversed and the cases remanded back for a new trial.

This trial occurred in September last, Judge Whitehead, of Lycoming county, specially presiding at this trial the jury again returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs but cut the amount of damage from \$1000 down to \$1. The plaintiffs asked for a new trial and it was this motion Judge Whitehead refused.

THEY WILL WED IN THE EARLY SPRING

By J. W. Pegler
(United Press Staff Correspondent)
With The American Expeditionary Army, France, Feb. 11. (By Mail).—And they will be married next Spring. He is a surgeon of the Roosevelt base hospital.

She's French, dark-eyed, brunette and ever so fetching in her white nursing costume with the little red cross on the front of her snow-white cap.

And only eighteen years old. It has been announced—and every thing. The papers have been signed according to the French custom, and the young surgeon has shaken hands with her gray-haired father, a proud member of the Legion of Honor who performed operations in open trenches under fire at Verdun.

They met over the cot of a dying Poilu. The American surgeon was called in to help when the French surgeons were working 18 hours out of 24.

She had adopted this patient as her particular protegee and prayed that he might be spared to go back to his family down in the sun country.

The young surgeon did his best with his first war case. The Poilu struggled and pulled through. He went back to his wife and babies, minus an arm but wearing the Military Medal and the Cross of War.

So she thinks the American surgeon is just the greatest in the world.

And they will be married in Spring.

WILL ENTERTAIN DISTINGUISHED VISITOR

The local Moose lodge is arranging an entertainment for Tuesday next in honor of Bro. William B. Robson, of Pittsburgh, a member of the Grand Lodge, who will visit Clearfield in an official capacity. A smoker and refreshments will follow the business session and all members are urged to be present.

M9-2t

The Progress is described by its readers as the paper that changes its dress every day.

Hard Rubbing is Wasteful

It does more to ruin clothes on washday than daily wear all week.

Wash with Fels-Naptha. It's economical. Its combination of soap and naptha cleanses so quickly that there's little rubbing to do. And it's so much easier.

Walter "Widge" Shay, a Boston high school ball player, has been signed by the Pittsburgh Pirates. Shay, who is an infielder, was the star of the crack Hyannis (Mass.) team last year.

Before becoming a movie actor, Nelson had his face remodeled. The Battler always was an odd man. Instead of changing his name, he most scrappers, the old changed his map.

Evening Frocks Obey War Orders



We are under orders as to evening gowns; the edict is that they must be simple. This is dictated by good taste in deference to the mood of the public. Designers are not expected to sit down in dull splotchy and do nothing as long as war lasts, and on the other hand, they must not seem to forget the grim business that occupies so much of the world. The evening gown appears not to have suffered from this restraint in being gay. Designers have exercised so much cleverness with the means at hand that there is room for thoughtfulness.

Velvet is greatly favored for one-piece frocks that do duty for evening and extend their usefulness to daytime wear by the addition of a glimpse of lace or embroidered net, or an underbodice with long sleeves of satin. This type of dress meets with the readiest approval.

The evening gown, pure and simple, is developed in the usual materials, of crepe georgette, crepe-de-chine, net, lace, light-colored satin and metallic tissues. Chiffon velvet, in more or less liberal quantities, is used with all these, in combinations that add dignity to the evening frock. It is surprising how little of it can be made to go so far, like the little touches of fur that spell luxury in all sorts of garments.

To brighten up the dark frocks for evening and for wear other dark frocks, strands of colored beads have a special appeal. They are selected to match touches of color that appear in the costume, or to redeem dark frocks from somberness. Beads are proving the most interesting, but strands made for special frocks draw their inspiration from many sources.

Julia Bremer

Salts Fine for Aching Kidneys

We eat too much meat which clogs Kidneys, then the Back hurts

Most people forget that the kidneys, like the bowels get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.
You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is known to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It neutralizes the acids in the urine so that no longer irritates, has ending kidney disorders.
Jad Salts is harmless, inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.
A well-known local druggist sells lots of Jad Salts to those who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

GLOBE THEATRE

TONIGHT

Great Fox Feature
"MISS U. S. A."
A Thrilling Act
Don't miss this extra good feature.

Special Christie Comedy
"AWFUL PREDICAMENT"
Music by the Famous Wurlitzer Orchestra

Admission 1, 2, 3, 4 — 6:30, 8, 9:30
Admission 10 and 15c

COMING TOMORROW

Special Vitaphone Blue Ribbon Feature
"TENDERFOOT"
A Thrilling Western drama
in 2 wonderful acts

Special Vitaphone Comedy
All Stars

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIER BOYS

LETTER FROM EDGAR SCHOENING

Camp Lee, Va.,
March 3, 1918.

Dear Father, Mother and All:

It is a great pleasure for me to drop a few lines to let you know I am still here. I got into camp at one o'clock this morning. I was just one day but they didn't say any more. I was tired when I got here.

Well, mother I will close. Dinner is ready now. I will try and write you the next time.

With your loving son,
EDGAR SCHOENING.

PENNSYLVANIA TEAM

Following team, hereafter to be known as the "Pennsylvania" team, will be C. Smith, H. Roseberry, Dr. Yancy, and J. For.

Challenge any team in town to a game on either Wednesday or Saturday evening. This is one of the best games.

H. Roseberry	160	247	178	581
C. Smith	190	185	180	551
J. For	223	231	140	597
H. Yancy	145	178	173	491
J. For	150	165	167	482

Total 2715

The average of this game is 180 4-4

each man per game. For all money see H. Roseberry, manager.

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Wyneth Can Tell when you Darken Gray, Faded Hair with Sage Tea

Grandmother kept her hair beautiful, lustrous, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair took on that faded or streaked appearance this simple mixture was applied with the most beneficial effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyneth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" you will get a bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, for about 25 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist who everybody uses Wyneth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it restores so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. It is as easy to use, too. You simply wash your hair with a comb and brush and then through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the hair disappears; after another application or two it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy soft and beautiful. This preparation is a perfect toilet requisite. It is not necessary for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

VELVETINA COMPLEXION SOAP HAIR SHAMPOO

This is a combination soap that will work wonders. It will thoroughly cleanse your complexion and will work equally well on your hair—removing the impurities that tend to destroy the fine glossy appearance so much desired.

May we explain in detail?

STEWART'S DRUG STORE

DAIRY FACTS

BUILDING UP A DAIRY HERD

Essentials Are Careful Selection, Intelligent Breeding and Skillful Management.

Careful selection, intelligent breeding and skillful management are fundamental in the profitable upbuilding of the dairy herd. By the use of economy and good judgment the improvement of a herd need not be expensive.

Careful selection is the first step in the building up of a dairy herd. Selection naturally begins with the elimination of all low producers. Every owner of dairy cows should establish a definite standard and all cows that do not measure up to the requirements should be rejected. One hundred and fifty pounds of butterfat a year is a fair minimum for most localities. Whether a cow is to be rejected or retained should depend ordinarily on production as shown by the Babcock test and the scales. Only the best heifer calves from the most productive cows should be raised.



High-Producing Holsteins.

High-Producing Holsteins. not measure up to the requirements should be rejected. One hundred and fifty pounds of butterfat a year is a fair minimum for most localities. Whether a cow is to be rejected or retained should depend ordinarily on production as shown by the Babcock test and the scales. Only the best heifer calves from the most productive cows should be raised.

FEED CALF SEPARATOR MILK

When Given Alone It Is Liable to Cause Indigestion—Feeding Is Vastly Important.

Separator milk is not a balanced ration for calves. On this feed alone, and the way it is usually given to them, they are liable to get indigestion, as shown by a bloated condition, capricious appetite and diarrhea. Most of the trouble can be avoided by adding a handful of oil meal, to cornmeal or cottonseed meal, to supply, in a way, the fat that has been removed in the skimming.

The milk should be given to them warm and never when it is frothy. Never allow a calf to drink all of the milk that it wants at one meal. It is a bad practice to allow several calves to drink out of one trough, some of them will get too much. Care in feeding calves is of vastly more importance than "combs" for calf scours.

CONTAMINATED AIR IN MILK

Easy to Understand How Foul Odors Are Introduced in Unclean and Unventilated Stables.

If the milking is done in a stable that is unclean and unventilated, filthy and filled with foul odors, it is readily understood how the streams of milk passing from the udder to the pail will force the contaminated air into the pail and impart to the milk its foul odors. The use of the separator under similar conditions must produce similar results. Odors and flavors are also produced in the milk after it has been drawn, by the introduction into it of undesirable germs in the dust from the stable and the cow and from lack of cleanliness of vessels used in handling it.

FEEDING SILAGE TO CALVES

Begin Early With Small Amount in Connection With Other Roughage, Increasing Gradually.

Calves should become acquainted with silage early in life, beginning with a very small quantity in connection with other roughage and increasing gradually. In this way the young animals develop normally, making rapid gains while the cost is kept at the minimum.

SOLVE DAIRY FEED SHORTAGE

Dairymen Can Make What They Have Go Further by Adopting Plan of Food Conservationists.

Dairymen can solve the feed shortage by the same method other people are using to solve the food shortage. They can make what they have go further. If food economies can result in feeding more people with the same amount of food, the same feed can feed more cows.

If a boxer does any stalling when he performs in Toledo his pay check is canceled right then and there. It's getting so that a boxer has to fight for his money.

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Mr. and Mrs. A. Wright Bigler arrive home last evening from a trip to Philadelphia and Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mitchell left yesterday for their home in Ridley Park after being here to attend the Weaver-Mitchell wedding.

J. Fred Weaver arrived home last evening from Philadelphia where he has been attending to business in the interests of the War Saving Stamps.

Mrs. Julia Stephens and grand daughter Miss Julia Miller returned home, yesterday from a visit with their grandson and brother George Miller at Philadelphia.

Alfred Broad of DuBois, has accepted a position at Kurtz's Tablet Factory.

James A. Gleason Esq., of DuBois, transacted business here today.

Mr. and Mrs. William Halling of Altoona were the guests over the week end of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Shillenn at their home on Ogden avenue.

Mrs. Fleck and grand daughter Miss Elizabeth Fleck returned today from a visit with relatives in Tyrone.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hartwick returned last evening from a trip to New York. They visited their son Huston at Allentown on their way home from New York.

Mrs. Alice B. Shaw has returned home from a visit with her sister Mrs. E. Witherspoon at DuBois.

A. T. Kearney was a DuBois visitor yesterday.

Miss Lola Parks left this morning for Lawnsboro after spending a few days with her parents here.

A. H. Woodward, Esq., left this morning for Philadelphia, where he goes to attend the session of Superior Court.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Wright at their home on Fourth street yesterday morning, a son.

OBITUARY

JOHN POWELL

John Powell our subject was born in England in 1844. When a boy of eighteen years of age he came to Mahanoy City, Schuylkill county, Pa. He was engaged in hard coal mining and took large contracts in which he proved successful. After leaving this place he came to Brinsford, Pa., where he followed mine work for a number of years after which he purchased the present homestead farm near Madera Penna., where he spent his remaining years. In the March 1865 he was married to Miss Martha T. Dixon of Sterling, Pa. To this union the following children were born: Elizabeth, wife of Cyrus Lockett, Thomas, William J., Albert, Isaac, Jacob, Herman and Freeman.

Elizabeth, Thomas and Jacob preceded their father to the grave. The mother died October 1889. Mr. Powell died March 1, 1918, in Montour county. The body was shipped to Madera, Pa., his home town. The services were conducted from the M. E. church at that place by Rev. LePage of Glen Hope, Pa.

John Powell was seventy three years, ten months and four days of age. We was a man well known throughout the county, having the distinction of never having been taken before the county court either as a witness, juror or in connection with a case. He is known for his cheerfulness, bringing sunshine into the homes where he was staying. Mr. Powell was always an incessant worker and often displayed his superior skill as a miner. He spent most of his days in the bowels of the earth as an honest toiler in producing fuel to keep the hearth of many homes glowing and to keep the world's machinery moving.

Let not ambition mock their useful toil, These homely joys and destiny obscure, Nor Grandeur hear with a disdainful smile, The short and simple annals of the poor.

Johnny Papke, a brother of Billy Papke, the former middleweight champion, has entered the boxing game in the West. John is a lightie and is said to possess the true Papke pep.

Unless Fred Fulton agrees to meet Jack Dempsey to determine just who has the call for a muss with Jess Willard, an awful holler will be raised by a certain heavyweight named Dempsey.

COLDS

Head or chest—no matter how treated "externally"

VICKS VAPORUB

ARMY CAPTAIN SENT TO PRISON FOR 25 YEARS



Capt. David A. Henkes

Captain David A. Henkes, of German parentage, is now in Fort Leavenworth prison, where he was sent by court martial which sentenced him to twenty-five years at hard labor. He was shown to be a German propagandist within the army, and he made strenuous efforts, even after he had gone to France, to keep from fighting against the Germans, in whose army he said he had friends and relatives.

WEDDINGS

BIRLEY—RICE

Mrs. Harriet Birley of Korthans and Mr. William S. Rice of Sandy Ridge were quietly married Saturday at one o'clock at the home of George W. Gulich on William street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. P. Cobb of Sandy Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Rice will reside in Sandy Ridge where the groom holds a lucrative position.

Mrs. Rice was formerly Miss Harriet Simpson and for a number of years was stenographer in the Register and Recorder's Office.

Their friends here extend best wishes and congratulations.

SAV NEW GUN FIRES 33,000 SHOTS A MINUTE

Boston, Mass., Mar. 9.—A centrifugal gun which fires 33,000 shots a minute, declared to be the greatest death dealing machine gun yet conceived, is the invention of Levi W. Lombard, of this city. Tests have proved the gun's efficiency, the inventor declares.

The gun has no barrel, operating on the principle of a sling. The latter operates under a disc which revolves at tremendous speed. The ammunition is fed through a tunnel-like attachment from a tube which leads into two veins beneath the disc.

The "veins" center upon an opening about two inches wide and the bullets are thrown with terrific velocity. Steam is the source of energy.

The machine can be placed in a first line trench and operated hundreds of feet in the rear. From there it can be regulated to any angle.

ATTENTION, MEMBERS POCOHONTAS

All members of Pocohontas are requested to attend the regular meeting to be held in the Third Ward Hose House this evening at 8 o'clock. The new books have arrived and it is expected that all statement cards and due books will be turned in at this meeting.

A social session will be held following the business meeting and each member is requested to bring refreshments.

MERCANTILE APPRAISER HERE

County Mercantile Appraiser Robert P. Travis of DuBois was an official visitor to Clearfield this morning. Appraiser Travis is busy engaged in making his rounds of the business places of the county.

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

HOW SCOUTS PASS TESTS

The first session of the new Court of Honor of the boy scouts of Minneapolis was held in the court room of Judge Hale, when 30 scouts from different troops came to be examined in signaling, first aid, compass, thrift, nature study, etc.

Judge Edward L. Walte reminded the scouts that passing scout tests does not mean they are experts in the subjects in which they are examined.

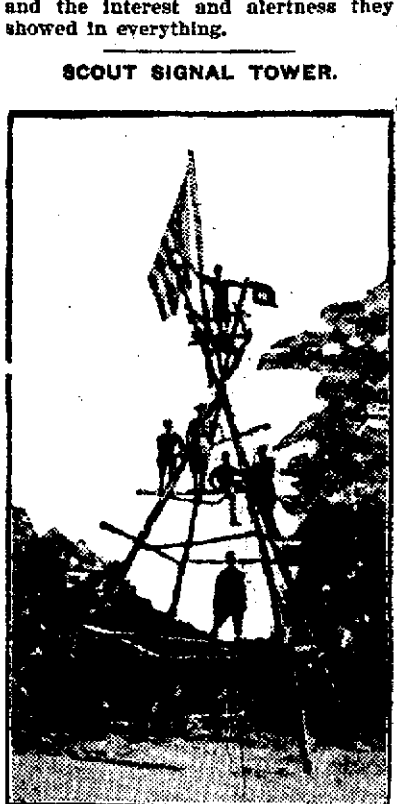
"We have been a nation of spenders," said L. S. Svenson, as the examiner in thrift. "Now times are different and we must be different. We must earn money, save more; and doing that will not only help us personally—it will prove a tremendous help to win the war."

Dr. C. M. Roan, in charge of the first aid work, said: "In emergencies stay by the man injured even if you can't help him very much; don't get excited. Learn your first aid thoroughly so that when you come to take charge of a case you won't have to spend too much time wondering what to do—for in the meantime the patient may be beyond help."

Lieut. George A. Treadwell, U. S. N., sent Chief Quartermasters A. A. Mickelson and William Esterley to examine the scouts in compass and signaling.

The scouts passed a total of 64 tests before the court; not one failure was recorded. The examiners expressed surprise over the amount of practical knowledge the scouts had acquired and the interest and alertness they showed in everything.

SCOUT SIGNAL TOWER.



This Was Built on a Mountain in Four Hours by Eight Scouts.

SCOUTS EXPERT AT STALKING.

Sir Robert Baden-Powell says that he was looking at a number of British soldiers being trained in how to hide themselves from the enemy and how to creep up to him, and was delighted to see that they were being taught in the same way that the boy scouts are; in fact, a boy scout officer was their instructor and several boy scouts were helping.

Going on all fours is dangerous. The boy scout is skilled in creeping slowly inch by inch. He goes on the fore part of the arm, each arm passing over the other in turn to the front; the body and legs are kept stiff the whole time. With a little practice it is wonderful what a pace one can get up.

English commanding officers at the front have frequently said that they find soldiers who have been boy scouts are specially useful for trench warfare because they know how to hide themselves and how to creep about in the dark without losing their way.

GOOD TURNS BY BOY SCOUTS.

Boy scouts of Ashburnham, Mass., sent a money gift for a hospital ward in Neuilly, France.

Boy scouts of Brockport, N. Y., took up the work of getting street markers for the whole village.

The boy scouts of St. Albans, Vt., went to the General Standard monument and cleared away the weeds.

Auburn, Ala., scouts have been gathering waste paper, and they now have about a carload ready to sell.

Forty boy scouts canvassed Holyoke, Mass., to obtain a census of the products of the 5,000 home gardens there.

When a boy was struck by a street car in San Francisco, Jack Foley, thirteen, a member of the boy scouts troop of St. Phillips Catholic church, was on hand to give him first aid, while other boy scouts helped to keep the crowd back.

The corn crop of the boy scouts' cornfield at the Narragansett Speedway has been ground into meal and marketed for the benefit of the Auburn Red Cross. This field was planted by boys of the Cranston troop.

Miss Elizabeth Langsdale Duvall, the only licensed woman radio operator in the United States, has applied for enlistment in that capacity in the United States Navy.

Store Editorials

WATCHING: PLANNING:

The store that would serve your interests best is the one that can keep abreast of conditions day in—day out.

It must keep its finger on the market's pulse. Its vigilance must not lax for a single day: for the result of increased prices is irrevocable.

This planning and building of the present, for the future, is not mere talk—it is alive and working here ALL THE TIME.

And you can see it—any day you enter our store.

A. W. Leonardson Co.

18433 The Further it is from Tipperary Billy Murray
10in 75c I'm Going to Follow the Boys Spencer & Burr
18405 Fun in Flanders, Part 1 Gitz-Rice & Burr
10in 75c Fun in Flanders, Part 2 Gitz-Rice & Burr

2nd St. SHEEDER'S MUSIC HOUSE Clearfield

TWO WAR RECORDS FULL OF "PEP"

2nd St. SHEEDER'S MUSIC HOUSE Clearfield

YOU CERTAINLY CAN!

Every day we are asked this question: "Can I play Columbia records on my Victor Talking machine?"

Here is our answer: "You certainly can and without any extra attachments or trouble."

Furthermore we wish to advise you that you can play Columbia records on the Brunswick or the Rishell Machines just as easily as you can on the Columbia machine.

Have you heard the January releases. There are some dandies. Drop in and have them played for your amusement.

STEWART DRUG COMPANY

Hot Water Each Morning Puts Roses in Your Cheeks



To look ones best and feel ones best is to enjoy an inside bath each morning.

Girls and women with sallow skins, limer spots, pimples or pallid complexion, also those who wake up with a coated tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, others who are bothered with headaches bilious spells, acid stomach or constipation should begin this phosphated hot water drinking and are assured of very pronounced results in one or two weeks.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanse, purify and freshen the skin on the outside, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the inside organs. We must always consider that internal sanitation is vastly more important than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

Women who desire to enhance the beauty of their complexion should just try this for a week and notice results.

If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless means of washing the waste material and toxins from the stomach, liver kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary